THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH, 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 33. EMPORIUM PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1898. NO. 29.

EDITOR'S NOTICE.

WHEN you see this item marked with an X, in blue or black pencil mark across its face you will know that your subscription is due, or past due. Your name will be found printed on each copy of the PRESS, as you receive it and gives the last date to which you have paid. Our terms are $2.00 if not paid in advance, $1.50 in advance. Many, very many, of our patrons allow their subscriptions to run year after year. This we are unable to stand. It requires money to purchase paper and pay employes and we must insist upon the payment of subscriptions due us. We have been patient, but "patience has ceased to be a virtue," and we now propose to weed out all those subscribers who show no disposition to pay for their paper.

10 PAGES.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY.
JOHNSON & MCNARNEY, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent, 35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

F. D. LEET. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Emporium, Pa.
TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL, WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR Emporium, Pa.
Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county. 30-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT, (Opposite Post Office,) Emporium, Pa.
WILLIAM MCDONALD, Proprietor.
I take pleasure in informing the public that I have purchased the old and popular Novelty Restaurant, located on Fourth street. It will be my endeavor to serve the public in a manner that shall meet with their approbation. Give me a call. Meals and luncheon served at all hours. no27-1yr Wm. MCDONALD.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL, THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR, Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.
This new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

MAY GOULD, TEACHER OF PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY, Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S., DENTIST.
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa. Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.
I will visit Driftwood the first Tuesday, and Sinnemahoning the third Wednesday of each month.

Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

REPRESENTATIVE.

Republicans of Cameron County:

After deliberating upon the question of my being a candidate for the Legislature, at the suggestion of many friends throughout the county, I have finally decided to allow the use of my name and hereby announce myself a candidate for said nomination, subject to the action of the Republican County Convention. I should greatly appreciate the support of the Republican voters at the Primary election.

HENRY H. MULLIN.

Emporium, Pa., Sept. 12th, 1898.

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ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

Editor Press:—

Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JOHN A. WYKOFF.

Grove, Pa., April 4th, 1898.

***

Editor Press:—

Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron county subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

WM. BERRY.

Sterling Run, Pa., April 8th, 1898.

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Editor Press:—

Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron County, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JOHN MCDONALD.

Driftwood, Pa., April 20th, 1898.

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Editor Press:—

Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

S. D. MCCOOLE.

Driftwood, Pa., May 7th, 1898.

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COUNTY TREASURER.

Editor Press:—

Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican county Convention.

H. C. OLMSTED.

Emporium, Pa., June 27, 1898.

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Editor Press:—

Please announce my name as a candidate for Treasurer of Cameron County, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

C. G. CATLIN.

Emporium, Pa., June 28th, 1898.

***

Editor Cameron County Press:—

Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

C. M. THOMAS.

Emporium, Pa., Aug. 16, 1898.

Must Have Been Hungry.

On Saturday night a gang of sneak thieves succeded in carrying out a well laid plan for the purpose of procuring a goodly supply of eatables, and as a result the cellars of several East Fourth street residences show a plentiful lack of canned fruits and other valuable stores that had been laid away for winter use, to say nothing of the inconvenience and disappointment caused by having to go without the usual extras that had been provided for the Sunday dinner.

The base of operations began at the Odd Fellows block, and extended to the residence of Jas. Welsh on Spruce street.

The thieves gained an entrance to the Odd Fellows Hall and after ransacking that, tried to force their way into Prof. Stauffer's cellar, but found the fastnings too secure and were obliged to go away empty handed. They next visited the Episcopal Rectory and helped themselves to a roast of lamb and other provisions which they found there and then called to inspect the brick residence of J. F. Parsons, but finding nothing that they could carry away, continued their search 'til the cellar of the house occupied by Mr. Fred Julian was reached, where a most successful raid was accomplished. Besides taking some chickens and ham belonging to Miss Cormya, they helped themselves to a large amount of jellies and canned fruits belonging to Mr. Julian. Jas. Welsh's place was evidently the last on the list and here the robbers satisfied their ambition by eating some pies and sugar, and emptying a few pans of milk, they left Mr. Welsh an old butcher knife as a souvenir of their midnight call. We have also learned that before leaving town the miscreants visited the residence of Mrs. Robinson at the rear of the Eagle Hotel and relieved her cellar of six cans of fruit, and by a very singular coincidence these same six cans were found on top of a box car at Shippen station the next morning, by Mrs. Robinson's son William, who is a conductor on "the hill." Mr. Robinson thought himself the richer by making the above find, but upon his arrival home was appraised, by his wife, that the fruit belonged to his mother

Our citizens should prepare for these midnight marauders by loading up their shot guns and giving the watch dog an extra long chain.

Back From Washington.

Hon. C. W. Stone arrived Thursday morning from Washington, where he has been on a special mission in behalf of the Sixteenth regiment, whose reported condition has aroused much solicitude among the relatives and friends of the soldier boys at Porto Rico.

Congressman Stone's high official standing and popularity gave him access to the President, secretary of war, surgeon general, quartermaster general and commissary general.

President McKinley and Secretary of War Alger would give no assurance that the Sixteenth would be mustered out of service at present. They stated that Pennsylvania has already had more than her proportion of the regiments already mustered out, and as the regular army is inadequate for the present needs, it is probable that those of the volunteers now abroad for whose return home no provision has already been made, will be required to remain there.

The heads of none of the departments had any knowledge of the fact distress existed in the Porto Rican volunteer army.

The surgeon general stated that abundant medicine and hospital supplies were shipped to the island with the army of invasion and that there could be no scarcity in that direction.

The commissary general assured Mr. Stone that there could be no ground of complaint regarding the rations. The department had provided an abundance of healthy rations and that if at any time the men received wormy hard tack or pork, upon complaint of an officer the issue could be exchanged and the government would return the defective goods to the parties to whom they were purchased. He was further advised that stoves and flour had been sent to the army and that by this time they are eating fresh bread. At the suggestion of Mr. Stone he consented to cablegram at once and order an investigation of the complaints made.

Should any irregularities exist in is probably that they will now receive prompt attention.—Warren Mirror.

Seed Wheat.

Mr. L. G. Cook has several varieties of seed wheat for sale, samples of which may be seen at Walker's hardware store. 25tf

Much Needed Improvement.

The ladies of Rich Valley have secured a piece of ground for an addition to the Rich Valley Cemetery and will petition for a charter for the same, in a few days.

Masons Banquet.

After disposing of the usual ceremonies Tuesday evening the Masonic order repaired to the vacant store room opposite the post-office where they partook of an elegant spread, prepared by caterer Schmidt.

Gone to Smethport.

R. Seger & Son, of Emporium, will this week open a first-class clothing and furnishing goods store at Smethport, in the Riley block. Mr. Wm. T. Seger, the junior member of the firm will have charge of the business at that place. Our Smethport friends can bank on it that the Messrs. Seger will give them the best in the land. They are all right at all times.

An Informal Reception Given to Distinguished Guests by Judge Mayer.

Judge C. A. Mayer, who had as his guests over Sunday, Judges Green and Dean, of the Supreme Court and Judge Arnold, of Philadelphia Common Pleas Court, No. 4, gave a reception in their honor Saturday night at his home. The members of the Clinton county bar were present together with the following gentlemen from out of town: Senator Wolverton, of Sunbury; Senator Cochran, Attorney General McCormick, Judge Metzger, Superintendent Wallis and Fletcher Coleman, of Williamsport and Superintendent Tomas A. Roberts, of Renovo. The reception was an informal, but very enjoyable affair—Clinton Republican.

Back from Porto Rico.

Harry Alvan Hall, captain of Company H, Sixteenth Regiment, has returned from Porto Rico, where he has been assisting General Miles to win victories for the American flag. His mission to the United States at this time is to deliver to the President the royal ensign of Spain, captured at the battle of Coamo on August 9th, and he will probably remain here for some time. The gallant captain has been recommended for promotion in recognition of his distinguished services at Coamo.

In a recent interview Captain Hall told some interesting things about the Porto Rican campaign. He said:

"This is, I believe, the only standard captured in actual battle, and we had a bit of a tussle for it. From the time we landed until we reached Coamo we had practically nothing to do in the way of fighting. We simply marched in at one side of the towns and the Spaniards marched out of the other side. But when we came to Coamo we found it fortified and partially entrenched.

"Here also the Spaniards made a very determined stand. The fortifications were on the eastern side of the place. So leaving the artillery to open the attack on that side my regiment proceeded to execute a flank movement with the object of getting it on the west side. In order to do this we had to march up a very steep mountain pass—it was not even the pretense of road—and we had to march the whole distance, about five miles, in Indian file.

"Just as we got into postion we heard our artillery open fire on the east side of the place, and we began to get disappointed, for we thought we should be too late, but we were not.

"A detachment of the Spaniards had come out on the western side and were lying ambushed behind a stone wall, with a thick head of cactus in front of it, and no sooner did we reach their hiding place than they poured a volley right into our midst.

"I don't know how it happened but somehow, though they seemed good enough shots, they had the range all right and the bullets whistled in among us, yet only eight of our men were wounded.

"We didn't allow that sort of thing to go on without very complete retaliation. We had to fire through the cactus hedge, where the Spaniards were hidden, but whenever a man showed any portion of his body that man was instantly killed. The officers must have been brave fellows.

"They exposed themselves to our fire repeatedly and unhesitatingly. We killed three. The commandant was wonderfully brave. Three times he rode in front of his men giving them orders and cheering them on When at last he was killed we found eight bullets in his body. Immediately after his death the Spaniards surrendered. They lost seventy-five men. That little fight was short, but sharp. It only lasted about one hour.

A Terrible Catastrophe.

The most appalling accident that has happened on the Philadelphia & Erie R. R., for years, occurred at North Bend last Friday morning, when Erie mail jumped the track at the tannery switch below the bridge at Youngwomans Creek, resulting in the death of engineer John Butler, of Harrisburg, and the injury of fireman Ira Kutz, baggage master DeVictor, and express messenger Stanley Crossmire, all of Harrisburg, besides completely wrecking engine No. 1768, formerly No 2106.

The train was one hour late at Williamsport and when it reached the place of the accident it had made up twenty minutes. It is stated that the train was running at a speed of fifty miles an hour at the place where the accident happened and when the wheels of the locomotive struck the frog of the switch she left the track without the last bit of warning. The tender was thrown over the top of the engine, the combination baggage and express car was turned end over end and laid on the south side of the track and the mail car was found on the north side of the track, lying flat on its side. The smoker and day coach did not leave the road bed, and this fact alone accounts for the miraculous escape of the passengers, among whom were Messrs. B. W. Green and Josiah Howard, of this place.

The passengers, baggage, mail and express were brought to Renovo on a special and from there were transported through to Erie on a made up train.

Took a Free Ride.

Monday forenoon Mr. Zacharias, of Gardeau drove to Emporium to transact business, at noon he tied his team in front of the Emporium House, and while eating dinner, a tailor by the name of Rockafellow, late in the employ of John Edelman, came along and untied the team and started west, probably thinking he would go to Kane, his former home, but when he reached Bernal Spence's farm at West Creek, he tied the horses to a tree and took to the woods. In the meantime Zacharias had a warrant sworn out and gave it to sheriff Mundy, who deputized Ed. Strait to serve it. Ed. mounted his scorcher and soon located the team where Rockafellow had left it. Mr. Zacharias having no desire to prosecute the thief allowed him to go. A wise move, as it saves much unnecessary cost to the county.

Arrested a Forger.

On last Thursday afternoon constable Harry Hemphill received word from constable W. W. Tadder, of Bradford, to arrest and hold Burt Lenoard, of Grove Hill on two charges of forgery and larceny.

Mr. Hemphill found his man near the W. N. Y. & P. Junction that evening and after a lively scramble succeeded in capturing him. Mr. Tadder arrived on the evening train and took the prisoner back to Bradford the next day.

Young Lenoard has the name of being a "tough case," and no doubt will get a trip to Allegany City, after the October term of court.

Anti-Saloon League.

W. L. Riley, D. D., Field Secy. of Pennsylvania Anti-Saloon League, of Harrisburg, Pa., was in Emporium on Saturday, Sunday and Monday in the interests of the above organization. He delivered two very able sermons, Sunday, one in the Presbyterian church in the morning and one in the evening at the Methodist church. On Monday evening he met in the Baptist church with a number of our citizens who are interested in temperance work and arrangements were made for the perfecting of a local organization.

An Honored Guest.

Hon. C. W. Stone arrived in Emporium on the "flyer," Tuesday morning, and spent the intervening hours between the arrival of that train and the departure of the W. N. Y. & P. morning express, in calling on several of his friends and acquaintances. He was on his way to Smethport.

For Blood.

The Port Allegany and Emporium ball teams will meet on the diamond at Sizerville to-day, to decide who shall wear the honors for '98. Indications are that it will be the most exciting game of the season and a purse of twenty-five dollars will be awarded to the winning team.

Position Wanted.

Having decided to again engage in the business of running steam log loaders, I am ready to contract for the season or year.

MONT EDWARDS,

Austin, Pa.. Sept. 6th, 1898.—28-3t

A "Japanese Tiffin."

At Mrs. Swain's and Mrs. Baker's on Saturday evening, Sept 24th. Supper from five until all are served, for 25 cts. For the benefit of the Daughters of the King, of Emmanuel church.

Potter's Oldest Son.

The first white male child born within the confines of Potter county was John R. Burt, who passed away at his Burtville home on the 7th, inst., aged eighty-nine years.

Sewing Society Supper.

The Sewing Society of the M. E. Church will serve a supper at the residence of H. F. Stauffer, on Thursday evening, Sept. 22, from 5:30 until all are served.

New Millinery and Fancy Goods Store.

Mrs. Bardwell wishes to inform the public that commencing Saturday afternoon, Sept. 17th, she will offer for sale a fine new stock of millinery and fancy dry goods, at her parlors, No. 7, W. Fourth street. An unusually fine line of ladies and Misses' hats.

Must Wear Their Uniforms.

For the benefit of those who believe that soldiers home on a furlough wear their uniforms for show, we will state that a soldier is compelled to wear his uniform all the time and the minute he removes it and dons citizen's clothes he becomes a deserter and is liable to be arrested by any constable or officer and returned to camp, a reward of $10 being offered for such arrests.

Have Resumed Practice.

The familiar strains of the Excelsior Band were heard issuing from the City Hall Tuesday evening and upon inquiry we learned that the boys have decided to start in again "on their own hook" and will practice every Tuesday and Friday evenings, in order to keep themselves in good trim in case their services should be needed. This will be good news to our people who no doubt will appreciate band concerts hereafter by giving the boys encouragement of a substantial nature. Much praise is due Leader Fisk for his enterprise and perseverance in trying to maintain a good musical organization in Emporium.

Saw it on the Pasture Fence.

The Dansville, N. Y., Breeze publishes the following fable: "A donkey stepped into a store one day and asked for the proprietor, who walked out of his private office to meet him, but was surprised to see a donkey in his store. 'Why are you here?' he asked, 'you know this is no place for a donkey.' 'I am here,' said the donkey, 'because I saw your advertisement on the fence that surrounds my pasture. I knew that you, too, must be a donkey or you would have placed the advertisement in a live newspaper where it would be read by people, not donkeys. Being a little lonesome to-day, I thought I would be neighborly and call on you.

Three Boys Drown.

Mr. Hamilton Fish, of Hammersley's Forks, was in town last week. He gave particulars of a sad drowning accident, which occurred there on Wednesday. Three boys, aged from 5 to 8 years, of Polish families, were swimming in Kettle Creek at the point where the stream from Cross Forks empties into that stream. No one saw the boys go into the stream nor saw them while bathing.

Mr. Lee Linhardt, while crossing the bridge on the Goodyear railroad, on looking down into the creek, saw what he supposed was a human body. Casting his eyes on the shore, he saw the clothing of the children. Surmising that some one had lost their life by drowning, he called to assistance men who reside in that vicinity. They pulled out the body of one child and after a further search soon found the other two bodies. Two of the boys belonged to one family and were brothers of a child that was buried about two months ago. When the mother was informed that her remaining two boys had been drowned she acted wildly and attempt- to drown herself. She was rescued, however, and a close watch is now being kept over her.

Two other children were drowned at the same place about two years ago.

Last Week Day Excursion of the Season to Portage Falls.

The W. N. Y. & P. Ry. will run the last week day excursion of the season to Portage Falls, Saturday, Sept. 17th.

Special train will leave Emporium at 7:30 a. m. Fare for round trip $1.00. Train will arrive at Portage Falls Park 10:50 a. m.; returning leave 5:30 p. m, giving 6½ hours at the Falls, and returning home at a seasonable hour. Fill your lunch basket and join the last week day excursion of the season to Portage Falls. 28-2t

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House, in the Borough of Emporium, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1898.

at 1:00 o'clock, p. m.,

For the purpose of nominating one candidate for Representative, one candidate for County Treasurer, one candidate for Associate Judge, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

By Order of County Committee,
H. C. OLMSTED, Chairman.
C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Republican Primary Election.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Republican County Committee, empowering the Chairman to call a Caucus and County Convention, the Republican Primary elections for Cameron county will be held on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24th, 1898.

Emporium Borough—West Ward, at City Hall, at 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.—4 delegates; Middle Ward, at Council Room, at 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.—4 delegates; East Ward, at Hose House, at 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.—3 delegates.

Shippen Township, at Court House, at 2:00 to 5:00 p. m.—6 delegates.

Portage Township, at Sizerville Bath House, at 8:00 to 9:00 p. m.—2 delegates.

Lumber township, at office of R. W. Barrows at Cameron, at 1:00 to 3:00 p. m.—3 delegates.

Gibson Township, at Curtin House, Driftwood at 3:00 to 5:30 p. m.—2 delegates.

Driftwood Borough, at Curtin Hotel, at 8:00 to 9:30 p. m.—3 delegates.

Grove Township, at Joe M. Shaffer's, from 3:00 to 6:00 p. m.—2 delegates.

H. C. OLMSTED, Chairman.
C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Pressed Bricks.

Suit cases, valises and satchels in endless varieties, at N. Segers.

Interest Paying Society meets at Mrs. Stoddard's next Friday afternoon.

Special line of soft shirts going at your own price, at N. Seger's.

The girls need not despair. There is a big consignment of unkissed heroes on the way home.—Washington Post.

A twelve year old boy named James Dunn was struck by Niagara Express, last Thursday, near Renovo. He was horribly mangled.

Complete in every detail, is the stock of men and boys' furnishing now displayed at N. Seger's clothing store. If you doubt it, call and see for yourself.

D. Burlingame, of Sizerville, is as regular in his subscription as the sun is to rise and set.—Smethport Miner. Yes, or any other payments due from him.

William Bush, who was arrested at this place, some time ago by Constable Harry Hemphill, was sentenced at Clearfield, last week, to the Huntingdon reformatory.

Operations at oil well No. 3, near E. W. Gaakill's farm, are progressing rapidly. Messrs. Niver & Russell have everything in good working order and at present writing the rope shows the bit to be down over a hundred feet.

The borough council are erecting a large stone watering trough at the corner of Broad and Fourth streets. Joshua Bair is doing the work. This convenience will be greatly appreciated by the people of Emporium and vicinity.

A telegram from the 3d batallion of the 16th Pa. Volunteers, under Lieut. Col. Rickards, located ot Middletown, Pa., states that the fever has been headed off. U. S. Senator Quay is furnishing oatmeal and ice for the boys at his own expense.

A large band of gypsies passed through town Saturday, and pitched their tents in Wiley's grove for a brief sojourn. A part of their number returned to the West Creek bridge on Sunday so that we now have a small colony on each side of us.

The Second Quarterly meeting of the Wesleyan Methodist Church of Emporium, will be held Sept. 16th, 17th and 18th, commencing Friday evening at 7:30 p. m. Rev. E. Hilton Post, of New Jersey, will conduct the services. Let everybody come and have a good time.

Several exchanges note the fact that gunners are getting ready for squirrel shooting. Its all right if they continue getting ready for some time yet, but hunters should bear in mind that the Pennsylvania game laws for 1898 permits the shooting of black, gray or fox squirrels, only from October 15 to December 15.

Rev. J. M. Johnston, pastor of the M. E. Church, begins next Sunday evening a series of illustrated sermons, to continue over the fourth Sunday. Each sermon will be illustrated by three large Scripture paintings especially designed for Pulpit use. Come, see and hear about the wonders of salvation.

On Tuesday morning Peter Schemm, a millionaire brewer, bank director and art patron, of Philadelphia, leaped from the Goat Island bridge into the swirling rapids above Niagara and was swept over the American Falls a moment later. His body has not yet been recovered.

MARRIED.

BRADBURY—REED—At the office of M. M. Larrabee, on Wednesday, Sept. 14th, MR. CHAS. BRADBURY and MISS TILLIE REED, both of Rathbun.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearges are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

CURRENT TOPICS.

COL. W. J. BRYAN has a sword eight inches longer than the ordinary weapon.

IN South America there is a race of cats which does not know how to mew.

LOUISVILLE is preparing to build half-million-dollar plant for filtering her water supply.

CHURCH processions are prohibited in Mexico. Even a priest cannot legally walk the streets in his churchly garments.

THE movement in Jamaica for annexation to the United States is opposed by the colored population and lacks the support of the newspapers.

OIL mills on the farm of Senator Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, are bringing him in a profit of $100 a day, and Mr. Mills is believed to be on the road to millionairedom.

AN enterprising housekeeper in Brooklyn has been for some time employing a trained monkey to wash and wipe dishes after meals and assist in general housework.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-TWO gold crosses were last year distributed by the Empress Augusta among as many German servant girls who had each continued for 40 years in the employ of one family.

MISS HELEN GOULD, daughter of Jay Gould, and herself a millionaire fifty times over, is devoting most of her time to caring for sick and wounded United States soldiers at the military hospital near New York city.

THE duke of Westminster gave permission to the National Sunday league to visit his picture galleries at Grosvenor house Sunday, August 14. During the afternoon the privilege was taken advantage of by 2,554 persons.

GEN. MAXIMO GOMEZ, the great chieftain of the Cuban revolution, has been giving some uncommonly good advice to his countrymen. In a letter which the Cuban propaganda is circulating he pleads foa law, order, education and peace.

MRS. CAMPBELL, a dressmaker in Wichita, Kas., is a first cousin of Adm. Camara. She was born in Granada, Spain, and while living in this country with her father she eloped with a young Pennsylvanian and has never been forgiven by her family.

NEGUS MENELIK'S wife, Queen Taitou, who will accompany her husband to Paris next month, is likely to attract much attention, for she is always escorted in public by a train of Negresses mounted on richly caparisoned mules, with runners and other attendants.

A DOLLAR BILL from the upper left-hand corner of which a piece an inch and a half by an inch and a quarter has been held, in North Hudson county railroad company vs. Anderson (N. J.), 40 L. R. A., 410, to be too much mutilated to constitute a legal tender for car fare.

THE queen of Italy's extravagance in dress is the one grievance of her loyal subjects. Italian ladies have a reputation of spending more on dress than any other women in Europe, and their husbands and fathers attribute this state of things to Queen Margaret's example.

AN improved boot and shoe drier and warmer has been designed, consisting of a water chamber, having an air shaft through its center, at the bottom of which is placed a lamp and a pipe open to the atmosphere and provided with an expanding end for conducting the hot gases to the toe portion.

It is estimated that during the pontificate Leo XIII. has amassed $20,000,000, including presents of precious stones, gold and silver, to the value of $10,000,000. President Kruger, of the Transvaal republic, is said to have presented the pope with the largest diamond in the world. It is valued at $4,000,000.

ACCORDING to a medical authority the mooing of a cow is set to a perfect fifth, octave, or tenth; the bark of a dog to a fourth or fifth; the neighing of a horse is a descent on the chromatic scale, while the donkey brays in a perfect octave. Yet it is thought that the quality of the donkey's voice might be improved!

ALEXANDER STEELE, of Marshall, Mo., who died a few days ago, was related to Gladstone, and he had many mementoes of the Grand Old Man. His mother was a Miss Jane Gladstone, a cousin of the great English statesman. Alexander Steele was born in Scotland 83 years ago, but came to this country at an early age.

A CONTINUOUSLY-ACTING trap for rats and mice is formed of a chamber with a sliding door at the opening, which drops as soon as a rodent steps on a platform inside the cage, the only opening being through a passage with a pivoted floor which throws the animal into a dish of water, the tilting of the floor opening the door again.

THE NEW COPPERHEADISM.

Democrats Are Trying to Create Political Capital Out of War's Misfortunes.

Sinister methods are clearly at work to raise a great hue and cry, for political purposes, about the official care bestowed upon the army. This is a tender point with the people. Every good citizen, in office or out of it, is intensely anxious that American soldiers and sailors should have the very best treatment and every available comfort. War at best is a conditon of hardships and suffering, or at least such in the past has been its universal history. But Americans seek to mitigate its privations to the greatest possible extent. They rightly demand that any neglect of our valiant representatives shall be dealt with severely. Upon this point all are agreed. No American worthy of the name would look with indifference under any circumstances upon a defender of our country. Strong feeling in his behalf is general and praiseworthy. But there is in the democratic papers at this time a pumped-up clamor on this subject that illustrates exactly how the livery of Heaven may be stolen to serve the devil in. These newspaper organs are not interested in the soldiers nor the army as they pretend. Their real purpose is to howl in a democratic congress next November. The game has reached the disgraceful stage, and the people should at once show that they understand its true design.

When was it that the democratic party ever showed a disposition to do anything for the army of the United States? Its members of congress have invariably voted to cripple and dwarf the army and to open a fire in its rear, especially when it met with reverses. The only anxiety ever expressed by democrats as to the army was to keep its numbers and resources down to the most insignificant figures. When the recent war drew near the army numbered 27,000 men. Did any democratic congressman ever suggest that it should be enlarged or its medical and commissary departments strengthened? Not a bit of it. The records tell the story of inveterate democratic opposition to doing anything for the army. Our little body of regulars, small as it is, has been looked upon by the democratic party as a threat against political liberty, and every proposition to add to its efficiency has met with bitter democratic antagonism. Six months ago democrats were voting to plunge this country into war, and yet would have voted on the same day against any increase whatever of the medical or other staff departments.

Such hypocrisy is disgusting. The war in its army and navy operations has been an extraordinary success. Not a word can be urged against the results achieved. The copperhead venom accordingly is concentrated in exaggerations about the care of the troops. When an army of 27,000 men is suddenly expanded tenfold there is necessarily a good deal of inexperience where experience would be better. Transporting an army by ship in summer from a temperate to a tropical climate is a tremendously difficult undertaking, and the marvel is that our great success was not attended by heavier losses. Sickness in war is inevitable. The loss of the union army from disease alone in the civil war was 199,720, or far more than the loss from battles, prisons and accidents. In the Crimea ten British soldiers died from disease to one who fell from bullets. In our war with Spain extraordinary efforts have been made to remove the soldiers to healthful camps, to furlough the sick and to relieve their necessities. These endeavors will be continued, no matter what the cost. Yet the fact remains that war is no holiday. The American army owes the democratic party less than nothing. It is time to call a halt on the democratic scheme of deceit to affect the November elections.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Honor for McKinley.

When every gate for peace had been closed President McKinley firmly set his face for war. He has steadily refused to permit the conflict to be changed from a war for liberty and humanity into a war for revenge and territorial seizure. He has been so magnanimous as to win the applause of our enemies and facilitate the coming of peace. He has softened the asperities of competing ambitions, and given harmony and unity to our army and navy. And he has done it all with the modest dignity that is the mark of native greatness. This will be history's acknowledgment, as it is that of his grateful fellow countrymen. Chief among the honors of the new peace are his own, and the man and president whose deportment has been sufficient for the trials of war, may safely be trusted to meet, guide and command the issues of peace.—Troy Times.

Will Investigate Charges.

President McKinley says that all charges of mismanagement and neglect at army camps will be thoroughly investigated, and if there are guilty parties they will be punished. The president is certainly not a man to tolerate such an offense, nor is he a man to punish without investigation. That there have been some cases of inefficiency in the care of 200,000 men suddenly summoned to the field is not to be doubted. They are exceptional, and yet not to be excused. The business of sifting charges of neglect is one of stern but impartial justice. The charges must be specific, no rumors set afloat by sensationalists. For every soldier that has been wronged by incompetence there will and ought to be a singling out of the culprit, followed by proper punishment.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞The Ohio democrats want Brotherhood, Bimetallism and Bryan. But that is not to B.—Cleveland Leader.

COL. BRYAN WARNED.

His Policy of Anti-Annexation Will Bring Upon Him Sure Defeat.

A few days ago the Sun published a very able and interesting letter in favor of the policy of expansion, written by Capt. Camm Patterson, a Virginia democrat of great distinction and influence in his state and his party. One part of his letter we reprint as a warning given by a democrat of the stoutest silver sect to democratic leaders who oppose themselves to the irresistible flood of public sentiment as well as to the historical policy of the democratic party in regard to annexation:

"Neither beautiful rhetoric nor the most skilful political manipulation, though aided by the unsurpassed advantages of the Virginia Walton law, can save from the doom which awaits them the office holders who oppose the policy of annexation. The men who attempt to stem this mighty torrent will be swept away by the resistless force of public opinion. They will join Sterling Morton, William L. Wilson, Vilas and Don M. Dickinson; together they will form what may be properly termed the flotsam and jetsam of the Cleveland administration, and will quietly float away into oblivion. Upon their wrecks will spring up a new democratic party, which will prove to the world that the spirit of true liberty still lingers among us, and the memory and the deeds of an illustrious ancestry have not been forgotten."

Col. William J. Bryan is the principal offender who needs to profit by this admonition. His pragmatical little friend, Bailey, has already shrunk from the size of a national leader of the national democracy to the size of the sulky darling of one congresssional district. Bryan will be reduced in the same way if he persists in the same defiance of public sentiment. The mechanical praise of state conventions will not save him. If he remains an anti-expansionist, and his party by approving him shows its intention to resist the course of events, opposing the annexation of the Philippines, as it opposed the annexation of Hawaii, Bryanism will become as hopeless a derelict as Clevelandism.—N. Y. Sun.

THE COMING CAMPAIGN.

New Issues Growing Out of the War Will Create Divisions in the Democracy.

Interest in politics is reviving over the country, and to all appearance we are going to have an interesting campaign, though it may prove more interesting to the party which supports President McKinley than any other.

It looks as though issues growing out of the war will figure prominently, and as our democratic friends are somewhat divided at present on those questions, while there is little division of opinion among republicans as to what should be done concerning war issues, this may constitute the question of the campaign.

The democrats may be divided on matters of great and lasting concern—such as whether we shall add to our territory, but they propose to make it "red-hot" for the republican party for its unpardonable and lawless performance in issuing bonds to carry on the war. That was to be expected, for the democratic party always was opposed to wars managed by the republican party.

The democratic party is not exactly clear as to what it would have done, if it had been in power, in order to obtain money to carry on the war. Being under the leadership of astute statesmen like Mr. Bailey, of Texas, it opposes the war revenue bill and the bond issue simply because these measures were fathered by the republican party, and therefore they necessarily must "bear more against the poor than against the rich."

What triviality! But then the people under modern democratic conditions are getting used to that kind of thing!—Albany Journal.

CURRENT COMMENT.

☞The Ohio democratic programme of "brotherhood, bimetallism and Bryan" will end when the brotherhood is found to be bifurcated and the rest is beautifully busted.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞The Ohio democrats couldn't get away from Bryanism. Sink or swim, they must have a little free silverism about their clothes just to console the populists, who are on the ragged edge.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

☞It will be real mean in Col. Bryan if he slips out from under and leaves Uncle Bland with the anti-expansion bag to hold. But it will be recalled that the colonel played a rather sharp trick on his Uncle Dick at Chicago in 1896.—Washington Post.

☞Somewhat the most important result of the Texas democratic state convention was a smashing defeat for the pestiferous Bailey. His attempt to dominate the affairs was a more dismal fizzle than his efforts to boss the American congress.—N. Y. Mail and Express.

☞There can be no doubt that Mr. McKinley understands the situation perfectly, and there is reason to believe that he is well satisfied with the work of the secretary of war. The retention of Gen. Alger appears to show this, for we cannot think that the president would keep at the head of the war department a man whom he did not regard as capable and efficient.—Omaha Bee.

☞Although Secretary Alger has announced that he will make no investigation, it is certain that the president will have any specific charges inquired into. In justice to himself and the good name of the army the truth should be known. While it is certain that such an investigation will show more or less incompetency on the part of staff officials, it is also certain that it will result in disproving many charges against the war officials and will show that the condition of the army has been grossly exaggerated.—Chicago Times-Herald.

LEADING CHARACTERS IN THE DREYFUS SCANDAL.

No other event in the history of the year has caused as much international excitement as the latest development of this cause celebre, which ended in the suicide of Col. Henry, a French officer high in the esteem of the war office, who, prior to his death, confessed that the letters on strength of which Capt. Dreyfus was degraded and expatriated were manufactured by him "to save the honor of the French army." Other actors in this despicable drama are expected to destroy themselves before the much-wronged Dreyfus can be brought back to France for a retrial.

FIFTEEN KILLED.

Picnickers are Slaughtered at a Grade Crossing.

A Delaware & Hudson Train Crashes Into and Demolishes a Trolley Car at Cohoes, N. Y.—A Frightful Scene of Horror—Ten Fatally Injured.

Cohoes, N. Y., Sept. 6.—An appalling disaster occurred in this city last night. Shortly before 8 o'clock a trolley of the Troy City Railroad Co. was struck by an express train on the Delaware & Hudson railroad at a crossing at the west end of the Hudson river bridge which connects this city with Lansingburg, and its load of human freight was hurled into the air. Fifteen of the 35 passengers are dead and 10 of the remainder will die. The cars entering the city from Lansingburg were crowded with passengers returning from a Labor day picnic at Renssalaer park, a pleasure resort near Troy. Car No. 192 of the Troy City railroad was the victim of the disaster. It came over the bridge with a merry party of people fresh from the enjoyment of the day.

Four tracks of the Delaware & Hudson road, which runs north and south at this point, cross the two tracks of the trolley road.

It was the hour when the night boat special, a train which runs south and connects with the New York City boat at Albany, was due to pass that point.

The tracks of the street line run at a grade from the bridge to the point where the disaster took place.

The motor car was struck in the center by the engine of the train, which was going at a high rate of speed. The accident came without the slightest warning. The car was upon the tracks before the train loomed in sight and no power on earth could have saved it. The motorman evidently saw the train approaching as he reached the track, and opened his controller, but in vain. With a crash that was heard for blocks the engine struck into the lighter vehicle. The effect was horrible. The motor car parted in two, both sections being hurled into the air in splinters. The mass of humanity on the car was torn and mangled. Those in the front of the car met with the worst fate. Every man in that section of the car was killed.

The scene was horrible. Bodies were hurled into the air and their headless and limbless trunks were found in some cases 50 feet from the crossing.

The pilot of the engine was smashed and amid its wreckage were the maimed corpses of two women. The passengers on the train suffered no injury in addition to a violent shock.

Troy, N. Y., Sept. 7.—There are 15 persons dead and four fatally injured as the result of the collision between a locomotive and a trolley car at a grade crossing between Lansingburg and Cohoes Monday evening. Walter Congdon, conductor of the trolley car, has been arrested for manslaughter.

A New Trust.

Pittsburg, Sept. 8.—As an outcome of the meeting here of table glassware manufacturers an organization has been formed to be known as the United Glass Manufacturers' association, with headquarters in Pittsburg. The combine is based on the same lines as the iron nail makers' pool. Twenty-eight plants, including all the important factories of the country, representing a combined capital of $8,000,000, have entered the combine. Advance in prices will be made ranging from 5 to 20 per cent.

Largest Crop on Record.

New York, Sept. 6.—The wheat crop of 1898 is not quite up to promise, according to the report of the American Agriculturist. This says that in a few states the promise of wheat was not fulfilled in actual grain by a large margin, while in a number of states the rate of yield was even greater than indicated on July 1. But with full allowance for all disappointment, the fact remains that the crop this year is the largest on record. The reported rate of yield in winter wheat is 14.8 bushels per acre and in spring wheat 15.4 bushels.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Thousands of Veterans of the Civil War Invade Cincinnati and a Week of Reunions Begins.

Cincinnati, Sept. 6.—After the recent rains there is no longer apprehension of prostrations from heat during the national encampment of the G. A. R. The railways are bringing in excursionists from every direction and the local posts are kept busy in escorting the visitors to their quarters. Although Camp Sherman was not dedicated till Monday, it was partially occupied by veterans Sunday night. The reports of the railways indicate over 200,000 tickets sold. Reports indicate a greater influx the next two days than was ever known before at these encampments. The festivities of the week opened when the naval veterans formed at 6 a. m. to escort Rear Admiral Kelley from the depot.

When the visiting naval veterans were escorted to Horticultural hall in the exposition building they rebelled against the arrangements. They acknoweldged that the cots and everything were better than usual on such occasions, but they wanted quarters in a boat and nowhere else. They have had boats at other places and claim they were promised a boat here.

Commander-in-Chief Gobin and staff visited Camp Sherman in the afternoon when the camp was formally turned over to him. This camp has a capacity of over 15,000 in its tents and ample provisions for meals. The official salute was fired upon the arrival of the commander-in-chief, after which the bands rendered concerts.

The ladies are very largely represented at the present encampment and there is the usual rivalry between the ladies of the G. A. R. and the W. R. C.

The camp fire of the naval veterans, known as the dog watch, at Music Hall last night was attended by over 8,000 people. The principal address of the evening was by Gen. Gobin, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R.

Cincinnati, Sept. 7.—The second day of the annual encampment of the G. A. R. was a banner day. The weather was delightful. The naval parade was under clear skies and nature promises to smile on the old veterans in line today. As the veterans were marching in the naval parade it was noticed that most of them are gray, many of them infirm and lame. The other features of the day were the regimental, brigade and other reunions.

A realistic representation of the battle of Manila was given at the lagoon, a pleasure resort on the Kentucky side of the Ohio river. It was an ingenious arrangement of fireworks and water crafts, by which the thunder of Dewey's guns was followed by the burning of Montejo's ships. This was the treat by the Naval Veterans' association.

The camp fire at Music hall last night was attended by over 8,000 people. The opening part was the Catholic festival chorus in which there were 800 young ladies dressed in red, white and blue, making a most beautiful appearance as well as rendering excellent music.

Cincinnati, Sept. 8.—The great annual pageant of the Grand Army was the event yesterday. It not only eclipsed other events, but it also prevented the meetings and reunions that were to be held. The veterans began assembling early for the parade and were too tired for meetings or anything else after the ranks were broken.

The parade started at 10 a. m. and was completed at 3:25 p. m. The average time in passing given points was a little over four hours and the general estimate of the number in line was between 25,000 and 30,000.

Polavieja's Manifesto.

Madrid, Sept. 8.—Gen. Polavieja, former captain general of the Philippines, has issued a manifesto in which he says that he "cannot any longer hearken to the sorrows of my country without protesting." The general, asserting that he has received numerous calls to place himself at the head of a neutral party, adds: "The parties which have hitherto governed Spain are rotten and the cause of the country's troubles." Therefore, according to Polavieja, political reorganization is necessary. Gen. Correa, minister of war, has suppressed the document.

Pimples

Are the danger signals of impure blood. They show that the stream of life is in bad condition, that health is in danger of wreck. Clear the course by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and the blood will be made pure, complexion fair and healthy, and life's journey pleasant and successful.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

THOSE CHARITY PARTIES.

The Head of the House Had His Say and Then Paid for His Fun.

The two fair daughters of the household were discussing the entertainment they proposed giving for the benefit of a little work of charity in which they were interested, and, as a matter of course, the old gentleman had to have his say.

"It's an infernal nuisance," he declared. "The house will be in a commotion for a week, nothing will be thought of but your party, and everything will be disarranged. That night we will all be awake till well toward morning, and the next day, those who are not sick will go about snarling and half asleep. I call it nothing but tomfoolery."

"Papa," said the eldest, "don't you understand that we are going to help some of the poor and that every cent we make will provide them with some comfort? What you should do is to encourage us."

"Don't talk silly. It's a good deal your girls care about the charitable feature of the social combination you're in. It's the boys and girls and cards and dancing you want. No use trying to pull the wool over my eyes."

"Very well. We'll try to do our duty even if you do make it hard. We, at least have some sympathy for the afflicted."

"Oh, you have? Sweetly disinterested aren't you? How much did you take in at the last blowout?"

"Just $13.50," proudly.

"Well, I'll give you just $30.50 for the cause if you'll not inflict your coworkers on us. Now, how's your charity?"

"Mamma, I wish to the land you'd come down here. Papa's acting perfectly awful," and she flounced out of the room while he laughed sardonically.—Detroit Free Press.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some Short Sentences Which Contain Truths Uttered in Humorous Ways.

The man who is wedded to art should have a model wife.

Money often wins the first battle, but seldom the second.

Some girls change color because the first box is unsatisfactory.

Usually the more a man is wrapped up in himself the colder he is.

It's a wise philosopher that knows when there is a brick under the hat.

Poor is the minister whose voice fills the church and empties the pews.

A woman's idea of strategy is to spend a dime in an effort to save a nickel.

All geniuses are more or less eccentric. A few have even been known to pay their debts.

Eve had her faults, but she never went through Adam's pockets while he was asleep.

Love blinds some men, and it makes lots of others too near-sighted for military service.

A chainless wheel renders trouser guards unnecessary, but it's different with a chainless dog.

When a man is continually talking about his troubles, his neighbors never trouble very much about his talk.

The intense love of an old toper for liquor goes to prove that familiarity doesn't always breed absolute contempt.

Many a man who doesn't know enough to go in when it rains knows enough to raise the best umbrella he can get his hands on.—Chicago Evening News.

Generally the Case.

"What a great bore that Simperling is!"

"Still he would leave a very small hole in the world if he were taken away."—Chicago Evening News.

To please a man find out what he wants—what he needs is of minor importance.—Ram's Horn.

Keep Your Youth

If you are young you naturally appear so.

If you are old, why appear so?

Keep young inwardly; we will look after the outwardly.

You need not worry longer about those little streaks of gray; advance agents of age.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

will surely restore color to gray hair; and it will also give your hair all the wealth and gloss of early life.

Do not allow the falling of your hair to threaten you longer with baldness. Do not be annoyed with dandruff.

We will send you our book on the Hair and Scalp, free upon request.

Write to the Doctor.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

VIEW OF THE CITY OF CANDIA, CRETE.

Bombarded by a British Warship, the Turks Retaliated by Setting It on Fire.

TRAGEDY IN A HOTEL.

Cleveland Man Fatally Shot by a Woman —The Latter Suicides.

Denver, Col., Sept. 10.—W. H. Lawrence, of Cleveland, was shot and probably mortally wounded in a room at the Oxford hotel Friday by a woman known here only as Florence Richardson. The woman then shot herself in the heart, dying almost instantly. Lawrence was taken to a hospital. The doctors give no hopes of his recovery. The ball entered his back and passed clear through the body. The couple had registered at the Oxford hotel about half an hour before the tragedy occurred as H. C. Rockwell and wife, of Greely, Col. The motive for the shooting is not known. Mr. Lawrence rushed out of the room after he had been shot and sank to the floor in the hallway. "I don't know why she hot me," he said. Beyond that he declined to make any statement.

Mr. Lawrence and the woman who had shot him had just returned from a three weeks' tour over the state in a covered wagon. In their trunk was an express receipt in the name of Florence Montague. The woman was about 24 years of age.

WAS HIT WITH A BRICK.

American Naval Officer Gets a Strong Reception at the Gate of the Palace at San Juan, Porto Rico.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Sept. 10.—The American evacuation commissioners, at a meeting held Thursday afternoon, decided to notify Capt. Gen. Macias that they were present and ready to proceed with business. A communication to this effect was drafted in courteous terms. It asked where and when the Spanish commissioners would meet the Americans. Lieut. Sears, Rear Admiral Schley's flag lieutenant, delivered the communication to the captain general, driving to the palace in a carriage. At the gate of the palace a brick was hurled at him from the sidewalk. Being an old base ball player, he was able partly to ward the missile off with his hands, and it fell, striking him on the ankle, doing only slight injury.

About noon the American military commanders received a reply from Capt. Gen. Macias to their communication. Macias said the Spanish evacuation commissioners would be ready to meet the Americans at the palace this morning.

Has Been Considered for Some Time.

Washington, Sept. 10.—It is said that the proposed commission for the investigation of affairs of the war department has been under consideration for some time by the president. One reason for its creation will be to visit and report upon the conditions in the camps and to satisfy the relatives of soldiers that the care that is being taken of them is the best that can be afforded and if not, to ascertain what should be done. Officials at the war department say that army officers have been sent to make investigations, and where any fault has been discovered it has been corrected.

Steamer and All Hands Lost.

San Francisco, Sept. 10.—The steamer Coptic brings the news from Hong Kong that the American steamer Wingfoot is supposed to have gone down with all hands. During the war United States Consul General Wildman charged the Wingfoot to carry dispaches to Admiral Dewey at Manila. Since her last departure for Manila she has not been heard from.

Was Caused by Mismanagement.

Chickamauga National Park, Ga., Sept. 10.—The report of Gens. Mattoon, Sanger and Roe, appointed to ascertain the cause of the sickness at Camp Thomas, has been made public. The report was submitted some time ago and was largely responsible for the removal of troops. The board finds the ground not well adapted for the encampment of a large body of trops, but states that much of the sickness was due to mismanagement and poor sanitary arrangements. It reflects somewhat on the generals in command before Gen. Breckinridge arrived.

AT CAMP MEADE.

Shafter and Alger Review 20,000 Soldiers.

"IT IS ALL POPPYCOCK."

Shafter Thus Refers to Reports of Friction with Miles.

HE ASKS FOR NO FAVORS.

Gen. Alger Says that all the War Department Desires is Fair Treatment at the Hands of the People—He Inspects the Camp and is Much Pleased with It.

Camp Meade, Middletown, Pa., Sept. 10.—Secretary Alger and Gen. Shafter were at Camp Meade yesterday. They witnessed a review of the troops and made a tour of the camp. Secretary Alger resumed his journey at noon to Detroit and Gen. Shafter went to Washington. They were closeted together for an hour in the secretary's car. While Gen. Graham was arranging for the review Secretary Alger and Gen. Shafter had another conference lasting 30 minutes. What passed between them neither would say.

Speaking of the controversy with Gen. Miles, Gen. Shafter said: "It is all poppycock. There is no friction between Gen. Miles and myself, at least there was not when he left Santiago. Our relations have always been pleasant and I do not understand the meaning of all this talk. The general may have been talking, but I believe that much of it is due to antagonistic newspapers whose motives are certainly not patriotic."

Gens. Alger and Shafter were driven to Gen. Graham's headquarters in an open carriage. After being received by Gen. Graham and his staff the secretary was asked if he would like a review. He said he would and the entire corps of 20,000 troops were massed in two great fields and marched before Gen. Graham and staff and his guests. It was an inspiring sight and Secretary Alger and Gen. Shafter were very much pleased. Both said they were delighted with the camp and the superb arrangements.

Secretary Alger complimented Chief Surgeon Girard on the sanitary condition of the camp and gave directions to extend the water system to the general and regimental hospitals. He said it was too early to determine whether this would be made a permanent barracks. He would have to know more about the climate and its effect upon the boys before he established permanent rendezvous. When asked what he had to say about the criticism of the war department, the secretary replied that the people have no idea of the great task of equipping and sending an army across the water. "The war department," he added, "asks no favors; all it wants is fair treatment."

Shafter at the Capitol.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Gen. Shafter arrived in Washington last evening from Camp Meade. No demonstration occurred at the railroad station.

Horrible Atrocities.

London, Sept. 10.—The Athens correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Horrible stories of atrosity are told by the refugees from Candia. They say the Bashi Bazouks cut open the bodies of their Christian victims and threw the entrails into the burning houses. They hurled the British vice consul bodily into the flames."

Miles Calls on the President.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Gen. Miles paid his respects to the president yesterday. The call was brief and was confined to a formal exchange of courtesies.

BLAMES THE OFFICERS.

Secretary Alger Makes a Statement Regarding the Condition of the Army—The Rations are All Right—Homesickness Caused Many Deaths.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Secretary Alger is now putting his affairs in shape to admit of his absence from Washington on a tour of inspection of the army camps throughout the country. He will leave this evening, going first to Camp Meade, Pa., and then to Detroit. Now that active war operations have closed the secretary feels free to express certain views entertained by the president and himself respecting the plans of the treatment of the soldiers and touching the persons upon whom responsibilities should be placed for some of the matters of complaint. In this connection he says:

"The regiments that have been ordered mustered out will be mustered out. The regiments that have been designated by the president to remain in the service will have to remain. As soon as we have mustered out 100,000 more or less we shall reorganize the army—every brigade, division and corps—and put them into comfortable camps until such of them as are needed are withdrawn for service in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. In these camps sanitary conditions will be strictly enforced. The men composing the army will be treated as soldiers. They will be shown every possible consideration and their health will be preserved. The officers commanding regiments and companies will be held strictly accountable for the sanitary conditions of the camps. During the war many officers disregarded the instructions that had been given looking to the proper care of their men. Now it is time for them to take this work upon themselves and, with the knowledge that they are to remain in service, they will be expected to devote their best energies to the work. Where men are incompetent to discharge these they must give way to competent men.

"Now a word as to the feeding of the troops. The army ration is all that is necessary for a soldier. I hope that there will be less food given to the men from outside sources. The dainties gratify the taste of the men, but they are of no real help and only tend to breed dissatisfaction where they do not actually destroy the health of the men. The army ration to-day, as it has been, and it will be in the future, is a sound, healthy diet.

"The principal difficulty we have had to contend with is the recklessness of youth. In the vigor of sound health the young men who went to make up our army could not be induced to take proper care of themselves. They think that nothing can harm them; that they can violate any and all of the laws of health with impunity.

"When a regiment is designated to be mustered out, no further appeals will be allowed to influence the department to change its program. That order is going to be strictly observed until the president decides that he can make a further reduction in the army.

"The great complaint of the soldiers is homesickness and a great deal of this has been caused by inconsiderate publications in sensational newspapers. Some of it is chargeable to the fact that the men entered the army with the expectation that their services would be very short. Every experienced officer knows that a great many men died of homesickness. Following the depression that ensues upon homesickness come other maladies to which the homesick soldier falls an easy victim and it is impossible to check their course. Now, to my mind the American people should try to brace up these men; to encourage them and cause them to remembr that they are soldiers and are expected to meet a soldier's duties."

A POLITICAL TRAGEDY.

Battle Between Silverites at Colorado Springs Has Deadly Results.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 8.—A pitched battle occurred in this city at daybreak Wednesday between the two factions of the silver party of this state, in which one man was killed and three wounded. The dead man is Charles S. Harris, of Denver. The wounded were removed by their friends and their identity has not been definitely established. It is said a man named Palmer was shot in the cheek, but not seriously injured. Another man had his hand shot nearly off and another received a flesh wound in the arm. The fight was waged for possession of the opera house in which the silver state convention is to meet to-day.

An armed guard representing the Teller-Blood wing was in possession. An armed force representing the faction deposed by National Chairman Towne was sent to drive the guards out of the theater. After a hot scrimmage in which many shots were fired, the Tellerites fled. Harris and the men who were wounded are supposed t have been members of the attacking force. Chairman Blood, A. M. Stevenson and other leading silver men charge Sheriff Boynton, of this county, and Internal Revenue Collector Frank Howbert, of Denver, with leading the attack. Sheriff Boynton states that he, Howbert and Chief of Police Gathright did not go to the opera house until the battle began and then only to take possession of the place.

Five men were arrested in the opera house and one, it is claimed by the police, had a smoking Winchester in his hands.

Will Sue for Royalty and Damages.

Pittsburg, Sept. 8.—The recent decision in the case of the Carnegie Steel Co., against the Cambria Iron Co., in which the validity of the patents of the late Capt. W. R. Jones, of the former concern were established, is said to be the most important gained in the industrial world of the United States within recent years. Almost all the large concerns have, it is said, infringed on the patents for years, and the Carnegie Co. will, it is understood, proceed against every one to compel them to pay damages for past use and a royalty for future tonnage.

DOES NOT DENY IT

Gen. Miles Fathers Recently Published Interviews.

In a Public Statement He Recalls the Santiago Campaign to Memory and Says that When He Went to Cuba it Was Not as a Visitor, but as Commander of the United States Army.

New York, Sept. 8.—The transport Obdam, having on board Maj. Gen. Miles and his staff, the Second Wisconsin volunteers and the hospital corps, from Porto Rico, arrived here Wednesday. The surgeon in charge reported all well on board and no sickness or deaths during the voyage.

Gen. Miles admitted to the reporter who interviewed him the substantial accuracy of the statements attributed to him by the Kansas City Star's correspondent in Ponce, Porto Rico.

There are, Gen. Miles said, a few minor inaccuracies in the published reports such as usually occur in such interviews. I do not care to point out the inaccuracies referred to at this time; they are unimportant.

It is true that I requested that my troops in Porto Rico on their return home should be allowed to camp somewhere near New York, preferably Brooklyn Heights, Fort Wadsworth or Governor's Island. I also requested of the war department that the troops be allowed to march through New York City. I never intended to parade myself, as I shall go to Washington in a few days and would not be here at the time of the contemplated parade.

I asked that the Wisconsin men aboard the Obdam be permitted to stay in this vicinity for a day or two, to give them a chance to see the city. Surely they merit it. Many of them, I think, have never seen the city and perhaps will never have another opportunity to see it.

To my first request, namely, that my troops be permitted to camp hereabouts, and that they be allowed to parade, I have received no reply. To my second request I received a reply, ordering the Wisconsin boys home forthwith.

Gen. Miles said that he did not desire to criticise the conduct of any officer in the late war. He expressed the opinion that there has been too much criticism, complaint and condemnation published already and that the public had lost sight of the success and glories of the war.

Gen. Miles gave to the press a document treating of the prosecution of the war with Spain. The paper is written in the form of an interview with the general. In it he is represented as recalling to mind that in a public statement made at the beginning of the war, referring to the talk of a rush for the fever-stricken city of Havana, he said:

"No officer is fit to command troops who, from any motive whatever, would needlessly risk the life of a single soldier, either from disease or the bullets of the enemy. I have never sacrificed the lives of men under my command, and do not propose to subject them to any unnecessary risks in the present campaign."

Further along the interview says: Owing to the fact that the season suited for campaigning in Cuba had been exhausted in debates and delay in congress and in necessary preparations, Gen. Miles was opposed to rushing an ill prepared, undisciplined and unequipped army in a movement against the capital of Cuba, defended by 100,000 Spanish troops, and in this position he stood practically alone for several weeks. Havana, Matanzas, Santiago and a few other points were drawn on his military map as hotbeds of disease, destructive to an army, and places to be avoided, especially during the sick season.

When called upon to submit a plan of campaign he did so and put it in writing. In substance he took the stand, first, that every effort should be made to equip the Cubans and thereby enable them to harass the Spanish forces. The cry of "On to Havana" should be encouraged, but when the transports, loaded with troops, were out of sight of land they should sail straight to the gate of the Antilles and the key of the whole position—Porto Rico—then, having seized and occupied that island, a movement to Cuba was to follow by means of a strong cavalry force, which was to be organized and equipped by August or September. He contemplated that 20,000 cavalry thrown to the center of Cuba, cutting the Spanish forces in two and moving west to Havana by the time the rainy season was over and it would be possible to maneuvre an army, we could move against that city a well equipped army and complete the capture of the Spanish forces. The enclosure of Cervera's fleet in the harbor of Santiago changed the condition and made it necessary to move a military force to that point.

On July 3 Gen. Shafter telegraphed that his losses had been greatly underestimated; that he met with stronger resistance than he had anticipated, and that he was considering the advisability of falling back to a position five miles to the rear, and that he had been unable to be up during the heat for four days. Under such circumstances Gen. Miles telegraphed Shafter that he would be with him within a week with strong reinforcements, of course, taking the troops prepared for the second expedition, which had been ordered by the president to operate against the enemy in Cuba as well as in Porto Rico. These reinforcements were pushed forward and some of them arrived in advance of Gen. Miles and were put in position in the trenches around Santiago. Under verbal instructions from the president, Gen. Miles was directed to go wherever he deemed his presence was required and that he should give such directions as in his opinion were best for the army and the government.

He arrived at Santiago July 11, not as a private individual nor as a visitor. Any pretense that he went there disrobed of his authority or official capacity is too childish to be considered by sensible men. From the moment he arrived at Santiago he was responsible for what might occur. He then proceeded to the front and after consulting with Gen. Shafter, a note was sent to the Spanish commander by Gen. Shafter saying that the commanding general of the United States army had arrived with strong reinforcements, and would meet him between the lines at any hour agreeable to him. The meeting was held, and Gen. Miles informed the Spanish general that it was then the determination of the government that this portion of the Spanish army must be captured or destroyed. He also informed the Spanish general that he must surrender.

On returning from this conference a dispatch was received by Gen. Miles from Washington as follows:

"Maj. Gen. Miles: You may accept surrender by granting parole to officers and men, the officers retaining their side arms, the officers and men after parole to be permitted to return to Spain, the United States assisting. If not accepted, then assault, unless in your judgment an assault would fail. Consult with Sampson and pursue such course as to the assault as you jointly agree upon. Matter should be settled promptly.

"R. A. ALGER."

This, the statement says, does not look as if Gen. Miles was there as a visitor. He was charged with responsibility of ordering an assault upon the entrenchments and fortifications of an enemy, which, if successful, would have cost at least 5,000 men, or of withholding the assault if in his judgment such assault would fail.

Captured Battle Flags Returned.

Cincinnati, Sept. 8.—While there have been many meetings of the blue and the gray together this week, the most impressive was the one of their meetings last night when Confederates returned three federal flags. Gen Basil Duke, who was one of the raiders with Morgan, was master of ceremonies on the restoration of the flags. The flags of the Sixtieth, Fifty-eighth and Twenty-first Ohio regiments were returned.

Sagasta Fears Criticism.

Madrid, Sept. 8.—The chamber has followed the senate in discussing the late war behind closed doors. This action has caused the greatest sensation Senor Salmeron, the republican leader moved that an investigation be made into the responsibility of Sagasta's government in connection with the declaration of war, the negotiations for peace and the violation of the constitution. Sagasta asked that the deliberations be conducted behind closed doors. The republicans and conservatives protested and amid great confusion the galleries were cleared.

PHILIP TOOK THE CAKE.

Commander of the Texas Made the Recipient of a Fine Piece of Confectionery.

Next to the battleship Oregon, perhaps the war vessel which attracted most attention at the naval parade up and down the Hudson river was the Texas. The fact that she had lived down her reputation as a hoodoo may possibly account for so much interest being displayed in this marine monster. When the parade was over and all the warships were lying quietly at anchor an excursion steamer from Asbury Park suddenly appeared beside the Texas. Before the crew of the battleship knew what was happening

TRIUMPH OF THE BAKER'S ART.
(Cake Recently Presented to Commodore Philip, of the Texas.)

500 excursionists swarmed aboard, shouting that they wanted to see Capt. Philip. The captain came forward in considerable wonder and was greeted with enthusiastic cheers. An elderly estimable citizen stepped forward, bearing in his arms a huge frosted cake. In the center of the frosting was a miniature Texas, while around her candied wrecks of Spanish vessels foundered in seas of sugar. Upon this prodigy of saccharine art the commodore stared in bewilderment until brought to himself by the voice of the bearer.

"Capt. Philip," said he, "we, the Christian people of Asbury Park and vicinity, present to you this token of our regard. We know that you are an earnest Christian man, and we know you are a good fighter. (Cheers.) We give you this cake as a fitting testimonial, because you take the cake, anyway."

The smile that had been growing on the commodore's features broadened into a laugh, as he replied:

"I really thank you from my heart. This very appropriate design is highly appreciated. I can't make a speech, because I never have had any practice, and I don't want to drive you off the ship by practicing on you. Make yourselves at home on the Texas and we shall be glad to have you go over her."

Then he escaped, and the boarders swarmed over the battleship like ants.

TOOK IT SERIOUSLY.

His Friends Enjoyed the Fun, But Daddy Couldn't See Where the Laugh Came In.

He arrived in this country from Germany only a short time ago, says the Philadelphia Record. Of course he brought his own name with him from the fatherland, but his new friends in this country immediately nicknamed him "Daddy," and the name sticks to him. Daddy is very fond of horseback riding, and he recently notified his friends of his desire to indulge in his favorite sport. As he is at work during the day his only chance for recreation comes in the evening. His friends

TOOK IT SERIOUSLY.
(Armed Himself with a Stable Lantern to Conform with the Law.)

told him of the city ordinance which requires that all vehicles abroad at night shall carry lights. They further assured him that a horse was a vehicle, but they never supposed that he was taking them seriously. On Wednesday night these friends, a group of whom were standing at Eleventh and Oxford streets, were surprised to see a man on a horse trotting slowly down Eleventh street, carrying in his left hand an ordinary lantern. A great crowd gathered and enjoyed the unique sight, but Daddy was very serious and he hasn't found out yet where the laugh came in.

Socialist Town in France.

At Roubaix, one of the socialist strongholds of France, the 11,000 public school children receive free food and clothing at the expense of the town. Their dinner at school consists of soup, bread, vegetables, meat and a glass of beer. At the beginning of summer and of winter each child receives a complete suit of clothes.

Field Guns Made of Paper.

Krupp is building five centimeters (two-inch) paper field guns for the German infantry. They are so light that a single soldier can carry one, while the resistance of the paper is greater than that of steel of the same caliber.

To Draw Salt from Meats.

To insure the proper drawing out of salt from meat or mackerel, soak it over night in milk instead of water. Sour milk will answer as well as sweet.

'TIS FINISHED.

G. A. R. Encampment Concludes Its Labors.

THE PENSION QUESTION.

Resolutions Censuring Official Methods are Adopted.

WAS LAID ON THE TABLE.

Proposition to Make Eligible to Membership in the Grand Army Those Soldiers Who Fought Against Spain Dies a Natural Death.

Cincinnati, Sept. 10.—The work of the annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic was happily concluded late Friday afternoon.

Resolutions indorsing the conduct of the war by President McKinley and complimenting Secretary Alger for his administration of the war department were adopted by unanimous vote.

The following report of the committee on pensions was adopted:

"Resolved, That the repeated complaints of the unfair construction of the pension law and of the making and enforcement of rules which are in violation of the law and inimical to the interests of applicants impels this encampment to call upon Comrade William McKinley, president of the United States, to exercise his authority and to see that the law is executed in a spirit of fairness, justice and liberality.

"Resolved, That all rules which tend to hinder the allowance of honest pension claims should be repealed, and we ask the president that he use his authority to cause those whose duty it is to execute the laws to so perform their duty as to do justice to the soldiers and administer the law so as not to obstruct the prosecution of pensions by technical requirements not within the province of the law, and which are only calculated to hinder and obstruct in the effort to obtain lawful pensions.

"Your committee calls attention to the fact that two years ago the country was stirred to its depths by complaints of the injustice of the then administration of the pension bureau. These complaints were so specific that they furnished the basis of political efforts. They were the subject of emphatic utterances by the national encampment. Beyond doubt the political campaign of 1896 was largely influenced by the hope of ameliorating the harsh conditions then obtaining in the pension bureau. We submit that this expected amelioration has not taken place; that, in no substantial instance has one of those harsh rules been abrogated, but every one of them remains in full force and effect as under the previous administration.

"Every day brings the veterans nearer the grave in increasing ratio. Their needs cry out more vociferously with every changing of the moon, yet the number of weekly allowances steadily diminishes, while the pension commissioner officially states that he has 625,000 claims pending in his bureau, of which he says 75,000 so far have received nothing at all. Elsewhere he states that about 200,000 survivors received no pensions, and yet very recently the commissioner recommended and carried through a reduction of 100 in his force of clerks, on the ground that he had more than he needed. This in the face of the fact that hardly a day passes but that somewhere or another in this broad land the pension certificate arrives only in time to be laid on the coffin of the applicant.

"Recolved, That the rule of the pension office by which a widow is debarred from pension if she has an income of $100 per year is unjust and we ask the president that the order he abrogated and the minimum income debarring from pensions be fixed at not less than $300 per annum.

"We ask for the re-establishing of order 164, which was enforced under the Harrison regime. This order took cognizance in rating a man's pension of all the disabilities he suffered under. It was abrogated by the last administration and it was held that to be entitled to the lowest rate of $6 per month a comrade must have some one disability which is rated at that amount. If he has thre disabilities rated at $4 each he gets no pension at all. This iniquitous rule is maintained up to this hour, and we submit is not such treatment as we had a right to expect from Comrade William McKinley."

It was resolved that unless the railroads gave a satisfactory guarantee to make the rates to the next encampment not exceeding one cent per mile, and the hotels of Philadelphia gave a guarantee not to increase their regular rates at the time of the encampment, then the national council of administration be authorized to select such other city as would make these guarantees. These guarantees must be made not later than February 1.

The proposition to make eligible to membership in the Grand Army soldiers who have served in the war with Spain was laid on the table. The national council of administration was then appointed.

The ceremony of installing newly elected officers was performed by Comrade Wagner, of Pennsylvania. The last action of the encampment was the adoption of a vote of thanks to the retiring commander-in-chief, Gen. Gobin, who briefly returned his thanks.

Daughters of Veterans Elect Officers.

Cincinnati, Sept. 10.—The daughters of Veterans yesterday elected the following: President, Miss Anna Clark, New York; senior vice president, Miss M. Lizzie Kimball, Massachusetts; junior vice president, Miss Lillian Phillips, Illinois; chaplain, Miss Bertha Dicus, Ohio; treasurer, Mrs. Ida Allen, Massachusetts.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

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Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

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No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Governor,
WM. A. STONE, of Allegany.
For Lieutenant-Governor,
J. P. S. GOBIN, of Lebanon.
For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
JOSEPH W. LATTA, of Philadelphia.
For Judge of Superior Court,
WILLIAM M. PORTER, of Phiadelphia.
WILLIAM D. PORTER, of Allegany.
For Congress-at-Large,
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT, of Erie.
For Representative in Congress,
HON. CHARLES W. STONE, of Warren.
For President Judge,
CHARLES A. MAYER, Clinton.

Give Him a Republican Congress.

The importance of sending Republicans to Congress next winter, in both houses, cannot be too strongly impressed upon the people. Legislation of the greatest importance will be required to close up our war affairs. It would be the height of folly to elect men who would make it a study to throw every obstacle in the way of President McKinley in adjusting affairs favorable to this country. The following pertinent article on the subject from the New York Mail and Express, will be concurred in by every true Republican:

These are triumphs for the President which the people can repay in but one way—that is by giving him a senate and a house of representatives after March 4 next that will be in political harmony with him and all that he stands for before the people. The work of 1896 is only half finished. One session of a democratic congress, with a senate constituted as at persent, would work quite as much damage as did the last democratic congress, for while the executive veto can prevent legislation it cannot allay apprehension. No doubt the Cuban and silver questions are in a fair way to be settled, as every one says, but let a democratic majority in congress be chosen at the polls in November and people will begin to learn that the snake is not dead, only scotched. There is, therefore, quite as much necessity for patriotic people to pull together in the elections this fall as there was in 1896, and they have an additional incentive to do so in that President McKinley's administration has moved exactly along the lines promised them. If men ever had compensation for leaving their party in order to serve their country certainly the democrats who in 1896 supported McKinley have had it in the tremendous changes in the condition of the people and the country. Their veto of 1893, however in vain, if they are now to regard the merely negative results in legislation of the presidential victory. The situation at Washington is merely that of two opposing forces, neither one of which is able to carry out its own convictions. The gold standard is in the majority in the republican house of representatives and in the minority in the politically chaotic senate. Monetary reform has its champions in the house and has its opponents in the senate.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12, 1898.

President McKinley doesn't believe that the war was badly managed. On the contrary, he knows that it was, as a whole, well managed—so well managed as to surprise the world by the results accomplished in an incredibly short time. He has no idea that the most thorough investigation of the conduct of the war will uncover any mysterious evil, or that it is necessary to find a scape-goat for some great wrong. But he does believe that a dignified, dispassionate and scientific inquiry, made by men of broad guage minds and accomplishments, will be valuable in showing up weak spots in our present system of running the quartermaster, commissary and medical departments of our army—a system intrenched in laws that right or wrong, under existing conditions, must be carried out until the laws are changed. In other words, that a thorough inquiry will result in pointing out the changes that should be made to improve the system. It was because of this belief that President McKinley concluded to order the inquiry made that was requested by Secretary Alger. The Commission entrusted with the duty of making this inquiry, will be composed of men who are widely known and whose findings will be accepted by the entire country. Generals Mile's and Shafter, who are both in Washington, say they will welcome the closest scrutiny of their every act, and the same sentiments are expressed by Sergt. Gen. Sternberg, and Gen. Eagan, head of the Commissary Department. The latter is so confident that his department is all right that he says he wishes the President would have the inquiry made entirely by his political opponents.

Owing to the rapidity with which money is accumulating in the Treasury, Secretary Gage has notified the holders of the old currency "sixes," which will be payable Jan. 1, next, of his willingness to redeem them whenever presented. There are about $14,000,000 outstanding in these bonds. He has also offered to anticipate the October interest on the four per cent bonds. It will be the special aim of Secretary Gage to see that the money is got back into circulation fast enough to prevent any disturbance in business circles.

Gov. Shaw, of Iowa, came to Washington to see about getting the volunteers from his state mustered out, but the matter had been determined before his arrival, by the decision of the War Department to muster out one-half of the troops from each state. In reply to a question as to the political outlook in his state, Gov. Shaw said: "The political situation in Iowa is about as satisfactory to the Republicans as they could wish. An election is to be held in November for State Auditor, Treasurer, Attorney General, and two members of the Supreme Court, and the verdict will be in favor of the Republican ticket by a rousing majority. Our State Convention this year adopted about the most emphatic sound money plank that has been promulgated anywhere." Representative Cousins, who was with Gov. Shaw, said the state would send a solid Republican Congressional delegation, as a matter of course.

Commissioner Evans has issued a statement in answer to the charge made by Kansas Populists, that his administration of the Pension Bureau was harsh and unjust. He shows that the average number of pensions allowed under him has been much higher than under his predecessor, and the average number of rejections much lower, a showing which would not be possible if the charge was true, One source of grumbling has been that Commissioner Evans has, from the day he assumed office, given application for original pensions precedence over application for an increase, on the ground that those who had no pension should be waited upon before those who had a pension that they wished increased, but no amount of grumbling can make that an unjust policy.

The five American Peace Commissioners—Secretary Day, Senators Davis, Frye, and Gray, and Hon. Whitelaw Reid—will hold a conference with President McKinley this week, for the purpose of receiving their instructions. They are to sail from New York on the 17th, inst. No official announcement has been made, nor will be made of what demand this government will make, but there is a strong belief in Washington, that so far as the Philippines are concerned, it will be confined to the absolute possession of the Island of Luzon, the largest and most prosperous of the group, and the establishment of a guaranteed fair government for the rest of the islands, with open ports for commerce. While the President will tell the Commissioners what he thinks the treaty should contain, he will not insist upon their attempting to secure precisely that, being perfectly willing for them to act as in their discretion they may deem best, having absolute confidence that they will not agree to anything that will not be approved by the country and by himself.

If it be true that "Whom He loveth He chasteneth." God must have a great, consuming love for the Democratic party!—Henry Watterson.

ALL AROUND THE COUNTY.

Sinnemahoning.

Coleman Johnson is confined to his bed suffering from a severe bilious attack.

Chas. Piper has resigned his position in the mill and will leave this week for Syracuse, N. Y., to pursue the study of medicine.

Wm. A. Maxwell, of Dents Run, was a visitor in town last week. Mr. M. is a veteran of two wars and is the recipient of two pensions.

Hon. D. P. Baird is still confined to his house and his condition is not improving as rapidly as his friends desire. It is hoped however that he will soon recover his old time health and spirits.

Our people are much elated over the prospects of a bridge at last. This is as it should be or rather as it should have been years ago, and the query is how much has the county or commissioners gained by this needless delay.

Samuel Smith was taken to the Williamsport Hospital on Monday of last week, where he underwent an operation for rupture and is now in a fair way to recovery. His case was considered hopeless when he was taken away.

Sterling Run.

Base ball here is a thing of the past.

Mrs. J. R. Libby is very sick at her home in this place.

Miss Mame Connerton, of Emporium, is visiting with the Misses Gilmartin for a few days.

A number of cellars were visited by thieves on Monday night and quite a lot of edibles and other things taken.

W. A. Marsh has returned to Straights, Elk county, to finish up scaling bark for the Elk Tanning Co.

B. E. Smith and Trox Fulton wheeled from Patton, Cambria county, last Saturday, a distance of seventy-six miles.

J. E. Lewis, of the 65th N. Y. V. I., is spending his thirty days furlough with friends in this place preparatory to being mustered out.

We are sorry that Peggy has a sudden attack of something we cannot account for unless it suits the case of all those who reach for that something and fail and then get mad over it. My young friend don't let the public know that you are hairbrained with the last thing God created—a Buffalo hair, which by viewing microscopially is found to be a very small thing. You should think more of your position in this life than to advertise in your letters to know where the Sterling Run correspondent is and then get mad when you find him. We don't brag over our chicken bones. We don't think ourselves so smart but what there are others smarter and in the end we would prefer wool, and black at that, to Buffalo hair.

BUZZ.

Buckwalter.

J. Hobson spent Sunday with his family.

A. Norton spent Sunday with his parents.

H. F. Kresge was in St. Marys a few days last week.

Mrs. T. Norton was a visitor to the city on Monday.

Master Chester Sykes is the only farmer on West Creek.

Mrs. and Miss Spay visited Mr. and Mrs. T. Norton on Sunday.

Miss Ethel Waddington is spending the summer at P. M. Heath's.

Our obliging P. M., Heath, has the best trained dog in the county.

Martin Lawson is building a twelve foot fence around his residence.

We are glad to state that the mumps are doing a very good business.

Mr. Richard Bliss, of Smith's camp, visited his parents over Sunday.

Chester is "the only pebble," since he located himself at Buckwalter.

Farmer Hopkins is employed at T. Norton's, removing his buckwheat.

We understand there is another party in sight. The more the merrier. Help the good work along.

Messrs. Chas. Rishell and Henry Haupt, accompanied by his two sons, took siding on A. Kresge's rockers, Sunday.

We notice a certain pump in our quiet burg somewhat crippled. It is impossible for it to hold up two. How is it H?

One week ago Sunday, occurred the worst storm ever witnessed on West Creek and if you have any doubt, ask N. Warner.

Our school opened last Monday with Miss Fanny Lyons as teacher. Now boys and girls let us all go in for a good year's work.

Mrs. T. Norton gave a very pleasant time to our young and old folks on Friday evening, in honor of her son Luie Everybody had a good time.

CROSS EYED JOE.

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has lame back and weak kidneys, malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by using Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to liver and kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures constipation, headache, fainting spells, sleeplessness and melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents a bottle at L. Taggart's drug store.

An ordinary canteen holds two quarts. With the 277,000 canteens filled the army would carry 3,644 hogsheads.

Right in It.

That's where Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is. The greatest remedy for the stomach that was ever put together. Absolutely vegetable with the exception of the Pepsin. Are you constipated? Then try Syrup Pepsin. Have you indigestion or sick headache? Then use Syrup Pepsin. Spend 10c. for a trial bottle and you will be convinced. Large sizes 50c. and $1.00. L. Taggart. Sept.

The PRESS, one year $1.50.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing that it has cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all diseases of the throat, chest and lungs are surely cured by it. Call on L. Taggart, druggist, and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50c. and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

To furnish shoes for our army would require the skins of 34,622 calves, not counting soles and heels.

"You can be fairly well dressed with a skirt and a necktie," is the laconic way a fashion writer begins an article. We trust it will not become fashionable.

Hello!

Did you say that you were not feeling well and that your stomach was out of order? Well then, try a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and you are sure of relief. Constipation and indigestion cured. Sick headache cured. Greatest boon to mankind and is being appreciated by thousands. 10c. will get you a trial size bottle. Larger size 50c. and $1.00. Of L. Taggart.

Sept

A German officer estimates that in the course of the present century wars have killed 30,000,000 men in civilized countries.

GETTING READY

Every expectant mother has a trying ordeal to face. If she does not

get ready for it, there is no telling what may happen. Child-birth is full of uncertainties if Nature is not given proper assistance.

Mother's Friend

is the best help you can use at this time. It is a liniment, and when regularly applied several months before baby comes, it makes the advent easy and nearly painless. It relieves and prevents "morning sickness," relaxes the overstrained muscles, relieves the distended feeling, shortens labor, makes recovery rapid and certain without any dangerous after-effects.

Mother's Friend is good for only one purpose, viz.: to relieve motherhood of danger and pain.

One dollar per bottle at all drug stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

FREE BOOKS, containing valuable information for women, will be sent to any address upon application to

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

JORDAN BROS.

—Dealers in—

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Dry Goods, Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats, Fruit in season, Tobacco, Cigars, Confectionery and School Supplies.

A complete line of Fall and Winter Goods.

We would be pleased to have you call and inspect our stock whether you purchase or not.

Goods delivered anywhere in town, free of charge.

JORDAN BROS.,
No. 43, W. Fifth St., Emporium.

NEW STOCK
OF
WALL PAPER
WE SELL
BIRGE'S & SONS'
BEST GOODS.
FULL LENGTH, FULL WEIGHT, Rolls,
At the same price you pay for light weight, cheap goods.
H. S. LLOYD.

Mott's Nerverine Pills

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing of lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. $1.00 per box by mail; 6 boxes for $5.00. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Prop's, Cleveland, Ohio

For sale by R. C. Dodson.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES } EPIZOOTIC, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Diarrhea.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } MANGE, Skin Diseases.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS

and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

Central State Normal School

LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.

Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. State aid to students. Send for catalog.

JAMES ELDON, Ph.D., Principal.
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Have you seen
OUR NEW LINE
OF
LATE SUMMER GOODS ?

The Latest in
THIN UNDERWEAR,
SHIRTS,
HOSE,
TIES.
STYLISH CLOTHING
AT
BIG BARGAINS.
R. SEGER & SON.

BEST
LAWN SPRINKLERS
MADE.
THE
"TWIN COMET," price $5

Delivered Free with privilege 5 days trial.

THESE SPRINKLERS ARE
UNIQUE, EFFICIENT AND LABOR SAVING

Will sprinkle four times greater area than any other Sprinkler made.

Can be seen in operation at the residence of the editor of this paper.

Send for CIRCULARS and TESTIMONIALS

J. B. FELLOWS & Co., 49 Warren St. NEW YORK.
E. STEBBINS Mfg. Co. Sole Agts. & Mfgs. SPRINGFIELD, Mass.

For sale by all Hardware and Rubber Stores in the United States.

AGENTS WANTED.
CAN MAKE BIG MONEY.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

THE TIME TO THINK.

Some people think carefully about toilet appliances. Others neglect this important matter. If you will think of the advantages of our toilet preparations every time you go to wash your face you'll soon remember to buy these articles when you are near our place. If you have the articles we sell, you may be sure you have the best.

KANE STEAM LAUNDRY!
KANE, PA.,
E. Blinzler, Agent,
Emporium, Penn'a.

THE RAGGED EDGE

of martyrdom is reached when an inferior laundry sends your linen home with frayed edges and spread eagle buttonholes. If it don't "drive a man to hard drink" it will surely drive him to seeking a laundry that will insure him such perfect work as is done at the Kane Steam Laundry. We not only give your linen a perfect color and finish, but we send it home in a condition that insures comfort in hot weather.

THE FAIR!

LACE CURTAINS.

The best quality, largest assortment, newest, handsomest and most artistic designs, and prices that are in the bloom of satisfaction will all be found in our superb array of Lace Curtains. An early inspection will be richly rewarded. Come before the stock has been depleted by earlier purchasers.

H. A. ZARPS & CO.

THE PRESS IS
THE BEST MEDIUM
FOR ADVERTISERS
IN THISSECTION. LOW PRICES

Old Reliable Drug Store.

Owing to the very liberal patronage I have had from our people and in view of the hard times I will until MAY 1st, reduce the price of Physicians Prescriptions as follows, viz:

All 1 oz. mixtures, regular price, 20 to 15
All 2 oz. mixtures, regular price, 25 to 19
All 3 oz. mixtures, regular price, 35 to 25
All 4 oz. mixtures, regular price, 45 to 30
All 6 oz. mixtures, regular price, 65 to 50
All 8 oz. mixtures, regular price, 85 to 65

And a corresponding reduction on all packages of Powders, Pills, Ointments Also liberal discount on all Patent Medicines, Baby Foods, Perfumes, Toilet and Fancy Articles and extra liberal discount on Fountain Syringes, Hot Water Bottles, Atomizers and Nursing Bottles.

I will guarantee my goods to be strictly fresh and equal to any goods in the market.

Thirty years experience in the town of Emporium is sufficient evidence of competency. If you wish to avail yourself of the liberal offer, leave your Physician's Prescriptions and drug trade in general at the OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE.

L. TAGGART.

EMPORIUM

MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., Aug. 2, 1898.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 25
Graham, "	65
Rye, "	65
Buckwheat, "	
Patent Meal, "	40
Coarse Meal, per 100,	90
Chop Feed, "	90
Middlings, "	90
Bran, "	90
Corn, per bushel,	50
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, letter, or personally.

Rev. Ebersole, of Sterling Run, was seen on our streets, Tuesday.

Atty. E. R. Mayo, of Smethport, was in Emporium Friday, on legal business.

David A. Fulton, of Sinnemahoning, was a visitor at Emporium on Monday.

Mr. Yates, of Saltsburg, Pa., is visiting his daughter, Miss Eva, at this place.

Mrs. F. W. Ayers, of this place, is visiting her mother in Buffalo, this week.

Miss Mattie Collins, County Superintendent of schools, was in town this week.

Mrs. F. Parks left for Philadelphia, Tuesday morning, to visit her daughter Orah.

Mrs. John O'Byrne is attending her parents' golden wedding at Washington, Pa.

Ralph C. Davison left for State College, Sunday evening, accompanied by his father.

Judge Bonham returned to Franklin on Monday, after a week's visit with his family here.

Mr. Webster Karstetter, of Bellefonte, was visiting John Kackenmaster, the first of the week.

Mr. E. L. Kimple, of Driftwood, one of the efficient mail clerks on the A. V., was in town Friday.

Miss Harris, of Hammondsport, N. Y., is the guest of her cousin, Hon. J. C. Johnson, and family.

D. B. Johnson, the Sinnemahoning lumberman, was transacting business at the county seat, Friday.

Mr. Jos. Newton and wife returned from their visit with relatives in Canada, Monday evening.

Rev. Wm. Francis Dixon, M. D., of New York City, is the guest of Rev J. M. Robertson and family.

B. W. Green, Esq., and Josiah Howard, were called to Williamsport last Thursday, on business.

Fritz Seger has assumed charge of R. Seger & Son's store at this place. He is popular with the public.

Mr. E. T. Daugherty left Monday for Carlisle, Pa., where he will resume his studies at Dickinson College.

Mrs. W. R. McNeal and four grandchildren, are visiting relatives in Chester and Lancaster counties.

Amos Horning, Sr., of Penfield, has been visiting his son Amos, at this place, during the past two weeks.

Miss Mame Phoenix, of Cameron, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Beattie, on Saturday and Sunday.

Messrs. Geo. C. Kime, G. W. Daugherty, and H. L. Moore, of Ridgway, were registered at the Warner House on Friday.

We are glad to note that Miss Jennie Norris, formerly of Emporium, has been appointed a clerk in the Kane post office.

Wm. H. Taylor and family, of Broad street, are caring for the wants of a little Miss who arrived at their home Saturday morning.

Guy B. Mayo, one of Smethport's promising legal lights, spent Thursday evening with friends in town, while on his way home from Ridgway.

Atty. J. P. McNarney returned from Coudersport, Saturday evening, where he had been to see his father, who is in a very precarious condition. Mr. McNarney's father has been a mail agent on the P. & E. R. R., for the last thirty-five years and was lately transferred to the C. & P. A.

Fred H. Ely, of Ridgway, was in town Wednesday evening for the purpose of drilling the Emporium division of Knapp Commandery. This Commandery will have a large representation at the Pittsburg Conclave next month.

Frank Shives has made his two sons, Charles and Rodney, supremely happy by purchasing the little donkey that the gypsies brought here last Saturday. The boys are "tickled half to death" over their new pet and claim that "he doesn't kick."

Mr. and Mrs. John Norris, Jr, of Bailey Run, spent Sunday with Mrs. Norris' parents at this place. John is proprietor of a blacksmith shop at the above thriving lumber town and is doing a very lucrative business.

Misses Sarah and Rebecca Krohn, Miss Sadie Marsh and Miss Lewellyn, of Eldred, were in town Saturday afternoon, between trains, enroute to Central State Normal, at Lock Haven.

Mrs. A. H. Fulton, accompanied by her sister, Miss Nettie Healy, left for Chicago on the flyer Monday morning, where Mrs. Fulton will join her husband, who has employment there.

M. P. Whiting, cashier of the First National Bank, of Emporium, Pa., was the guest of J. T. Earl, a day last week, while en route home from a visit to the Toronto Fair.—Depew (N. Y.) Herald.

Miss Lillian Heilman and Miss Nettie Moore, two of our most estimable young ladies, departed for Lock Haven on Monday morning, where thew will attend the Normal School this year.

Mrs. O. F. Elwell, who has been spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Parsons, returned to Trenton, N. J., Saturday, where she has a position in the schools of that city.

Mr. John Clountz, of Sinnemahoning, who was mustered into the volunteer service at Lock Haven last May, and who is home on a furlough, paid Emporium a brief visit last Saturday.

Mr. Jay Lewis, a private in the 65th N. Y. V., was in Emporium last Saturday afternoon, on his way to Sterling Run, where he will spend a few days with his parents.

Harry H. Hemphill accompanied by his son Ralph, went to Philadelphia, Wednesday, where he will consult one of the leading physicians of that city.

Mr. E. G. Coleman's little son, accompanied by Mr. Coleman's sister-in-law, Miss Marth, returned to Olean, N. Y., after a few days' visit here.

Miss Ella Herrick, of the Lock Haven State Normal School, is visiting her brother, G. W. Herrick, on Washington street.—St. Marys Gazette.

Mr. Hamilton Fish, of Hammersleys Fork, was guest of his daughter, Mrs. E. B. Proctor, on Fifth street, the latter part of last week.

Mrs. C. Shea, who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Theo. Newton, for the past seven weeks, returned to her home at Buffalo, Tuesday.

Martin Lawson and W. C. Heath, two of the "Pennsy's" reliable employees at Howard Siding, were in the city Wednesday afternoon.

Smith Guthrie, of Medix Run, arrived in town Tuesday evening. Smith is one of the survivors of the famous Bucktail Regiment.

Private V. H. Baker, a member of Co. H, 18th Regt. P. V. I., was in town Wednesday evening on his way home to Coudersport.

Mr. S. P. Krider, of the enterprising firm of Crider & Yothers, of Driftwood, was a visitor at the county seat, Tuesday.

Messrs. W. H. Hamilton and John R. Gleason, of Driftwood, attended the Masonic banquet Tuesday night.

Mrs. Wm. Morrison, of Eddyville, Ky., is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Swain, and family.

J. G. Nyhart, one of Beechwood's hustling business men, was in Emporium the first of the week.

I. K. Hockley, of Emporium, was in town Wednesday on business.—Ridgway Democrat.

John E. Smith, of Sterling Run, made a business trip to Emporium on Wednesday.

Chas. Stewart, of Cameron, was registered at the City Hotel, on Wednesday.

Mr. Arthur Goulder, of Austin, was in town yesterday, guest of R. B. White.

Mrs. T. F. Hudson and father, of Cameron, were in town yesterday.

Harry Derby, of Austin; is stopping with Emporium friends this week.

Miss Bertha Dinger is visiting her parents at Glen Hazel.

It is reported that engineer John M. Butler, who was killed in the wreck at North Bend, last Friday, left an estate valued at over $40,000.

Two of Roosevelt's Rough Riders came up on the flyer Wednesday and took the W. N. Y. & P. morning train for Buffalo.

The State Convention of the Pennsylvania Sabbath School Association, always full of pleasure and profit for those who attend, will be unusually so this year, and one of the largest meetings in the history of the work is confidently anticipated. Johnstown, where the convention meets, is of historic interest, and her people have generously offered to entertain all who attend. The time is well selected, from the 18th to the 20th of October, inclusive, and the railroad companies have agreed to give special rates on the presentation of card orders which may be obtained from the General Secretary of the Association, Charles B. Roads, 1420 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Cameron.

School opened a week ago Monday with Mr. Anderson as teacher, with 52 pupils enrolled.

R. W. Barrows' mill finished sawing out the stock of logs last week, we learn that this is the last year for Mr. Barrows, at this place.

The ice cream festival given by the K. G. E. at their hall, a week ago Saturday evening was a grand success. Everybody enjoyed a good time.

Miss Nellie Mansfield, of Westport, is visiting Mrs. M. L. Yocum and family, of this place.

J. R Frank moved his family back to Sterling Run, after the stock was sawed out at the mill.

DICK.

Death of a Great Jurist.

For thirty years Judge Thomas M. Cooley, of Michigan, who died yesterday, held an unquestionable place as one of the first constitutional lawyers in the country. Few other men have been enable to contribute in larger measure or with greater profundity of learning to the literature of jurisprudence. His exceeding ability and fairness in dealing with the problems arising out of the business of transportation led to his employment, first by the great railways and afterwards on behalf of the Government, as an arbiter between the corporations and the people in whose judgement all might rely for safe and sane conclusions. From his earliest work at the Bar to the end of his active labors no amount of work seemed to doubt or dissuade Judge Cooley. But he wore himself out. There is a limit to mental and physical endurance. For several years past he had been an intellectual wreck, conscious of his infirmities, and looking forward to death as an end rather to be hoped for than dreaded. Had he lived till January next he would have completed his 74th year.—Phila. Record.

Don't.

Don't judge a woman's complexion by the box it comes in.

Don't attempt to borrow money on your wheel. It won't stand alone.

Don't think because you can fool some people that others can't fool you.

Don't provide yourself with a wife and expect her to provide you with a home.

Don't get into the habit of talking to yourself if you are easily bored.

Don't think a man appreciates a cyclone because he is carried away with it.

Don't take worry with you on your travels; you will find it on tap everywhere.

Don't think your milkman has pedigree cows because he supplies you with blue milk.

Don't get the idea into your head that with women on juries there would be fewer disagreements.

Don't attempt to train your children in the way they should go unless you are going that way yourself.

Estimate That in 1940 the Pension List Will be Wiped Out.

Col. James A. Sexton, of Chicago, was elected commander-in-chief of the G. A. R at Cincinnati, receiving 424 votes against 241 for A. D. Shaw, of New York. No other names were presented. By a vote of 397 for Philadelphia to 293 for Denver, it was decided to hold the G. A. R. National Encampment of 1899 in the Quaker City. The report of the committee on pensions refutes the charge that the pension roll was a roll of dishonor. It cited the fact that expensive investigations had been undertaken by the department and after their close there had not been a single case of fraud discovered which could be traced to a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. The report went on to say that the roll was distinctly a roll of honor. It made a somewhat extended comparison with the work accomplished now and during the last administration of Gen. Grant. This showed the efficiency of the department in the way of prompt disposal of claims had been vastly inincreased. The committee gave figures showing that the death rate was rapidly increasing among pensioners. The number dying each year now exceeds 40,000. It is estimated that the increase in the number of deaths each year will be; such that in 1920 the number of pensioners will be reduced to a little over 250,000 and in 1940 the list will be obliterated. The report recommended that just and liberal provisions should be made for adjudicating the claims now pending in the department and that no relaxation of efforts on the part of the Grand Army of the Republic be allowed to interfere with this duty. The report of the adjutant-general, Thomas J. Stewart, gave the number of members in good standing on June 30, 1898, as 305,608, of which 32,497 were affiliated with the 593 posts in Pennsylvania. The amount expended in charity during the year was $171,903.

Kidney or Bladder Troubles.

If you suffer from kidney, bladder or urinary troubles, or from too frequent or scanty urine, "Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure" is what you want. Bed-wetting by children is generally cured by one bottle of this powerful remedy. Testimonials are disregarded, many people doubting the honesty or sincerity of them, we therefore avoid giving any here, but will furnish them on application to dealer whose name is given below. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

R. C. Dodson.

For Sale,

English Setter Pups, from three different litters. All thoroughbreds and some exceptionally fine specimens among them, from fine hunting stock. They are guaranteed to please purchaser, or no sale.

W. A. McCLELLAN,
Arden, N. Y.
Care Arden Farm Dairy Co. 23-2m.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that three cows came to the premises of the undersigned about Sept. 5th. One cow is white, with black spots—dehorned; one cow dark red—dehorned; one cow snow white—dehorned—carrying bell. The owners are requested to call at the premises of the undersigned in Emporium, pay charges and take away their property or they will be sold, as provided by law.

R. P. BINGEHAM.
Sept. 10, 1898. 29-3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of DUNCAN S. McDONALD, deceased.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of Duncan S. McDonald, late of the Borough of Emporium, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Benjamin W. Green, residing in said Borough, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

BENJAMIN W. GREEN.
Executor.
Emporium, Pa., August 18th, 1898.—25-6

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

TO the owners, builders or managers of fish dams, fish walls, fish baskets, eel wiers, kiddles, brush or facine nets, or any other permanently set or unlawful means of taking fish within the limits of Cameron county, Pa.

You are hereby notified that by Act of the General Assembly of Pa., of the 24th day of May, A. D., 1871, the said means of taking fish are declared common nuisances, and under said Act and the Act of the 22d day of May, A. D., 1889, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of the county to abate or destroy the same. You are therefore hereby commanded to abate, remove or destroy the aforesaid means of taking fish within ten days from the date hereof.

FRANK MUNDY, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Sept. 8, 1898. 29-4t.

Travelers Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.
In effect May 29, 1898.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 20 A. M.—Train 8 week days for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

3 20 P. M.—Train 6 week days for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.30 A. M., New York 7.33 A.M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

9 37 P. M. Train 4 Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.38 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 6.25 A. M., Washington 7.40 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Williamsport. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—Train 9 week days for Erie, Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 30 A. M.—Train 3 Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 28 P. M. — Train 15, week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR EMPORIUM FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 9 leaves New York 5:50 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:20 p. m., Baltimore 8:40 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 5:10 a. m., week days, with Pullman Sleepers and passenger coaches, from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport.

Train 3 leaves New York 7.40 p. m., Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m, Baltimore 11.50 p, m., daily, arriving at Emporium 10.30 a. m., with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport- on Sundays only Pullman Sleepers from Philadelphia to Erie.

Train 15 leaves Philadelphia 8.30 a. m., Washington 7.50 a.m., Baltimore 8.50 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10:15 A. M., week days, arriving at Emporium 6.28 P. M., with Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Kane.

RIDGWAY & CLEARFIELD RAILROAD and Connections.

(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD. A. M.		A. M.	Stations.	P. M.		NORTHWARD P. M.
8 55	....	4 00	....Renovo....	5 00	.....	11 05
9 47	....	4 41	...Driftwood...	4 03	.....	10 12
10 25	....	5 10	Emporium Junc	3 25	.....	9 40
11 08	....	5 52	...St. Marys...	2 40	.....	9 01
11 15	.....		.....Kane.....	12 20	.....	9 05
11 34	.....		....Wilcox....	11 58	.....	8 42
11 49	.....		..Johnsonburg..	11 43	.....	8 26
12 10	.....	6 20	...Ridgway,...	8 50	.....	8 05
12 17	.....	6 27	..Island Run...	8 43	.....	7 55
12 22	.....	6 32	Carman Tr'nfer	8 38	.....	7 49
12 31	.....	6 41	..Croyland....	8 29	.....	7 40
12 35	.....	6 45	..Shorts Mills..	8 26	.....	7 36
12 39	.....	6 48	...Blue Rock...	8 22	.....	7 33
12 43	.....	6 53	....Carrier....	8 17	.....	7 28
12 53	.....	7 02	.Brockwayville.	8 08	.....	7 18
12 57	.....	7 06	...Lanes Mills..	8 02	.....	7 13
	.....	7 11	.McMinns Sm't.	7 58	.....	
1 07	.....	7 14	.Harveys Run..	7 54	.....	7 04
1 15	.....	7 20	..Falls Creek...	7 50	.....	7 00
1 40	.....	7 35	....DuBois.....	7 40	.....	6 40
1 20	.....	7 25	..Falls Creek...	7 00	.....	6 55
1 35	.....	7 40	.Reynoldsville..	6 45	.....	6 40
2 11	.....	8 16	...Brookville...	6 09	.....	6 04
3 05	.....	9 10	New Bethlehem	5 20	.....	5 10
3 50	.....	9 55	....Red Bank....	.....	.....	4 25
6 30	.....	12 40	....Pittsburg...	.....	.....	1 40
P. M.	.....	P. M.		A. M.	.....	P. M.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

WESTERN NEW YORK AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAY.

Time Table In Effect April 18, 1897.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating-Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday 8.30 A. M.
Mail, (103) daily except Sunday.. .....1.45 P. M.

Train No. 103 (mail) will connect at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

Call on E. C. DAVISON, Agent, Emporium, for time tables or other information

R. BELL, Gen'l Supt.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen'l Pass'ngr & Ticket Agt. Mooney Brisbane Building, Cor. Main and Clinton Streets, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

WEAR Royal Worcester Corsets.

FOR SALE BY LEADING DEALERS.

J. A. Fisher,

PRACTICAL

Horse Shoer,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

ROCKWELL'S

DRUG STORE,

Next to Post-office, Emporium, Pa.

Fancy Stationery.

Just received the choicest invoice of Fancy Stationery, including Envelopes, Paper and Tourists Pads,

Toilet and Bath Goods.

My line of Toilet and Bath Goods includes a fine line of Soaps, Brushes, Sponges, etc.

ROCKWELL'S DRUG -- STORE,

EMPORIUM, PA.

WILLIAMS' TANSY PILLS

A SURE RELIEF TO WOMAN for all troubles peculiar to her sex. Send by mail or from our Agent. $1.00 per box.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

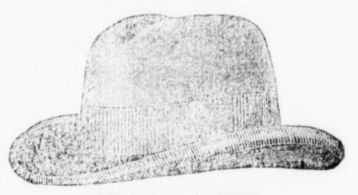
For sale by R C. Dodson.

JUST RECEIVED

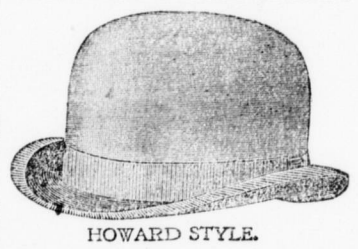
An elegant line of

Hats.

The newest styles for Fall and Winter.



HOWARD ALPINE.



HOWARD STYLE.

We would like to inform the people of Emporium and vicinity, that we have taken the agency for the celebrated Rossmore and Howard Hats, as well as Freeman's "Reliable." We have a rare selection to choose from and any who desire a neat, stylish hat, will do well to call and see us.

Be patriotic by wearing a patriotic hat. We have them.

GEN. SHAFTER HATS,
FITZHUGH LEE HATS,
DEWEY'S "ALPINE STYLE.
SCHLEY'S STIFF HATS.

Also many others of the newest shapes that can't help but please you.

Finest Clothing.

JOHN J. SOBLE,

CLOTHIER AND MEN'S OUTFITTER.

Opposite Post-office, Emporium, Pa.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.

Our line of Groceries is complete. Our aim is to purchase nothing but the best and keep our stock fresh. Come and examine our goods.

Our shoes are from the best manufactures in the country. They comprise all the latest styles and colors in footwear.

Our lines of linens and domestics are carefully selected from large stocks and are the best goods for the money obtainable. If in need of such goods give us a trial.

Our notion department is made up of only reliable goods at medium prices. Examine and let us name you prices.

Our stock of Fall and Winter Clothing has arrived. In it you will find all the latest cloths. Call and examine before line is qroken.

- - -

We have shirts and lots of them at all prices. Let us show them to you and name our prices.

If you want to save money, give us a call. We defy competition. All goods guaranteed.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.

THE COTTIER CHILD'S LULLABY.

Bright on the hearth are the flame-billows leaping,
Lurid and live do the live embers glow,
While the old iron tea kettle, singing and hopping,
Is weaving a lullaby, soothing and low,
"Whiz-z-zee whizz, oh! hush-a-by, baby,
Whir-r-zee whirr, oh, close your blue eye,"
The old iron teakettle, singing and hopping,
Weaving the baby a lullaby.

Close by the cradle the mother is sitting,
Sitting and knitting the hours away,
With her clumsy shoe on the wooden rocker,
While her needles click to the sleepy lay
Of "Whiz-z-zee whizz," from the old iron kettle,
Whir-r-zee whirr, sweet dreams will I bring,
Beautiful dreams of the fairy children;"
Mother will rock and the kettle will sing.

Sleep, oh! sleep. Hear the wind from the Northland
Hungrily sweeping the moor. Oh! sleep.
Heaped lies the snow by the doorway and hedges
But red glows the fire. Oh! little one sleep.
The red fire will warm thee, and hark to the kettle,
The old iron kettle that whistles and swings:
"Whiz-z-zee whizz," oh! hush little baby,
Mother will rock while the tea kettle sings.

—Maude Morrison Huey, in Chicago Interior.

PART IV.

CHAPTER XX.—CONTINUED.

"Well, here it is," said Silver. "We want that treasure, and we'll have it—that's our point! You would just as soon save your lives, I reckon; and that's yours. You have a chart, haven't you?"

"That's as may be," replied the captain.

"Oh, well, you have, I know that," returned Long John. "You needn't be so hasky with a man; there ain't a particle of service in that, and you may lay to it. What I mean is, we want your chart. Now, I never meant you no harm, myself."

"That won't do with me, my man," interrupted the captain. "We know exactly what you meant to do, and we don't care; for now, you see, you can't do it."

And the captain looked at him calmly, and proceeded to fill his pipe.

"If Abe Gray—" Silver broke out.

"Avant there!" cried Mr. Smollett. "Gray told me nothing, and I asked him nothing; and what's more, I would see you and him and this whole island blown clean out of the water into blazes first. So there's my mind for you, my man, on that."

This little whiff of temper seemed to cool Silver down. He had been growing nettled before, but now he pulled himself together.

"Like enough," said he. "I would set no limits to what gentlemen might consider ship shape, or might not, as the case were. And, seein' as how you are about to take a pipe, cap'n, I'll make so free as to do likewise."

And he filled a pipe and lighted it, and the two men sat silently smoking for quite awhile, now looking each other in the face, now stopping their tobacco, now leaning forward to spit. It was as good as the play to see them.

"Now," resumed Silver, "here it is. You give us the chart to get the

"Refuse that and you have seen the last of me but musket balls," cried Silver.

treasure by, and drop shooting poor seamen and stoving in their heads while asleep. You do that, and we'll offer you a choice. Either you come along aboard of us, once the treasure shipped, and then I'll give you my affydavy, upon my word of honor, to clap you somewhere's safe ashore. Or, if that ain't your fancy, some of my hands, being rough, and having old scores on account of hazing, then you can stay here, you can. We'll divide stores with you, man for man, and I'll give you my affydavy, as before, to speak the first ship I sight, and send 'em here to pick you up. Now, you'll own that's talking. Handsomer, you couldn't look to get, not you. And I hope—" raising his voice— "that all hands in this here blockhouse will overhaul my words, for what is spoke to one is spoke to all."

Capt. Smollett rose from his seat, and knocked out the ashes from his pipe in the palm of his left hand.

"Is that all?" he asked.

"Every last word, by thunder!" answered John. "Refuse that, and you've seen the last of me but musket-balls."

"Very well," said the captain. "Now you'll hear me. If you'll come up one by one, unarmed, I'll engage to clap you all in irons, and take you home to a fair trial in England. If you won't, my name is Alexander Smollett, I've flown my sovereign's colors, and I'll see you all to Davy Jones. You can't find the treasure. You can't sail the ship—there's not a man among you fit to sail the ship. You can't fight us—Gray, there, got away from five of you. Your ship's in irons, Master Silver: you're on a lee-shore, and so you'll find. I stand here and tell you so, and they're the last good words you'll get from me; for, in the name of Heaven, I'll put a bullet in your back when next I meet you. Tramp, my lad. Bundle out of this, please, hand over hand, and double quick."

Silver's face was a picture; his eyes started in his head with wrath. He shook the fire out of his pipe.

"Give me a hand up!" he cried.

"Not I," returned the captain.

"Who'll give me a hand up?" he roared.

Not a man among us moved. Growling the foulest imprecations, he crawled along the sand till he got hold of the porch and could hoist himself again upon his crutch. Then he spat into the spring.

"There!" he cried, "that's what I think of ye. Before an hour's out, I'll stove in your old block-house like a rum puncheon. Laugh, by thunder, laugh! Before an hour's out, ye'll laugh upon the other side. Them that die'll be the lucky ones."

And with a dreadful oath he stumbled off, plowed down the sand, was helped across the stockade, after four or five failures, by the man with the flag of truce, and disappeared in an instant afterward among the trees.

CHAPTER XXI.

THE ATTACK.

As soon as Silver disappeared, the captain, who had been closely watching him, turned toward the interior of the house, and found not a man of us at his post but Gray. It was the first time we had ever seen him angry.

"Quarters!" he roared. And then, as we all slunk back to our places, "Gray," he said, "I'll put your name in the log; you've stood by your duty like a seaman. Mr. Trelawney, I'm surprised at you, sir. Doctor, I thought you had worn the king's coat! If that was how you served at Fontenoy, sir, you'd have been better in your berth."

The doctor's watch were all back at their loop-holes, the rest were busy loading the spare muskets, and every one with a red face, you may be certain, and a flea in his ear, as the saying is.

The captain looked on for awhile in silence. Then he spoke.

"My lads," he said, "I've given Silver a broadside. I pitched it in red-hot on purpose; and before the hour's out, as he said, we shall be boarded. We're outnumbered, I needn't tell you that, but we fight in shelter; and, a minute ago, I should have said we fought with discipline. I've no manner of doubt that we can drub them, if you choose."

Then he went the rounds, and saw, as he said, that all was clear.

On the two short sides of the house, east and west, there were only two loop-holes; on the south side where the porch was, two again; and on the north side, five. There was a round score of muskets for the seven of us; the firewood had been built into four piles—tables, you might say—one about the middle of each side, and on each of these tables some ammunition and four loaded muskets were laid ready to the hand of the defenders. In the middle, the cutlasses lay ranged.

"Toss out the fire," said the captain; "the chill is past, and we mustn't have smoke in our eyes."

The iron fire basket was carried bodily out by Mr. Trelawney, and the embers smothered among sand.

"Hawkins hasn't had his breakfast. Hawkins, help yourself, and back to your post to eat it," continued Capt. Smollett. "Lively, now, my lad; you'll want it before you've done. Hunter, serve out a round of brandy to all hands."

And while this was going on the captain completed, in his own mind, the plan of the defense.

"Doctor, you will take the door," he resumed. "See and don't expose yourself; keep within, and fire through the porch. Hunter, take the east side, there. Joyce, you stand by the west, my man. Mr. Trelawney, you are the best shot—you and Gray take this long north side, with the five loop-holes; it's there the danger is. If they can get up to it, and fire in upon us through our own ports, things would begin to look dirty. Hawkins, neither you nor I are much account at the shooting; we'll stand by to load and bear a hand."

As the captain had said, the chill was past. As soon as the sun had climbed above our girdle of trees it fell with all its force upon the clearing and drank up the vapors at a draught. Soon the sand was baking, and the resin melting in the logs of the block-house. Jackets and coats were flung aside; shirts were thrown open at the neck and rolled up to the shoulders; and we stood there, each at his post, in a fever of heat and anxiety.

An hour passed away.

"Hang them!" said the captain. "This is as dull as the doldrums. Gray, whistle for a wind."

And just at that moment came the first news of the attack.

"If you please, sir," said Joyce, "if I see anyone, am I to fire?"

"I told you so!" cried the captain.

"Thank you, sir," returned Joyce, with the same quiet civility.

Nothing followed for a time; but the remark had set us all on the alert, straining ears and eyes—the musketeers with their pieces balanced in their hands, the captain out in the middle of the block-house, with his mouth very tight and a frown on his face.

So some seconds passed, till suddenly Joyce whipped up his musket and fired. The report had scarcely died away ere it was repeated and repeated from without in a scattering volley, shot behind shot, like a string of geese, from every side of the inclosure. Several bullets struck the log house, but not one entered; and, as the smoke cleared away and vanished, the stockade and the woods around it looked as quiet and empty as before. Not a bough waved, not the gleam of a musket barrel betrayed the presence of our foes.

"Did you hit your man?" asked the captain.

"No, sir," replied Joyce. "I believe not, sir."

"Next best thing to tell the truth," muttered Capt. Smollett. "Load his gun, Hawkins. How many should you say there were on your side, doctor?"

"I know precisely," said Dr. Livesey. "Three shots were fired on this side. I saw the three flashes—two close together—one further to the west."

"Three!" repeated the captain. "And how many on yours, Mr. Trelawney?"

But this was not so easily answered. There had come many from the north—seven, by the squire's computation; eight or nine, according to Gray. From the east and west only a single shot had been fired. It was plain, therefore, that the attack would be developed from the north, and that on the other three sides we were only to be annoyed by a show of hostilities. But Capt. Smollett made no change in his arrangements. If the mutineers succeeded in crossing the stockade, he argued, they would take possession of any unprotected loop hole and shoot us down like rats in our stronghold.

Nor had we much time left to us for thought. Suddenly, with a loud huzza, a little cloud of pirates leaped from the woods on the north side and ran

He roared aloud, and his hanger went up over his head.

straight on the stockade. At the same moment the fire was once more opened from the woods, and a rifle ball sung through the doorway and knocked the doctor's musket into bits.

The boarders swarmed over the fence like monkeys. Squire and Gray fired again and yet again; three men fell, one forward into the inclosure, two back on the outside. But of these, one was evidently more frightened than hurt, for he was on his feet again in a crack, and instantly disappeared among the trees.

Two had bit the dust, one had fled, four had made good their footing inside our defenses; while from the shelter of the woods seven or eight men, each evidently supplied with several muskets, kept up a hot though useless fire on the log house.

The four who had boarded made straight before them for the building, shouting as they ran, and the men among the trees shouted back to encourage them. Several shots were fired, but such was the hurry of the marksmen that not one appeared to have taken effect. In a moment the four pirates had swarmed up the mound and were upon us.

The head of Job Anderson, the boatswain, appeared at the middle loophole.

"At 'em—all hands!" he roared, in a voice of thunder.

At the same moment another pirate grasped Hunter's musket by the muzzle, wrenched it from his hands, plucked it through the loophole, and, with one stunning blow, laid the poor fellow senseless on the floor. Meanwhile a third, running unharmed all round the house, appeared suddenly in the doorway, and fell with his cutlass on the doctor.

Our position was utterly reversed. A moment since we were firing, under cover, at an exposed enemy; now it was we who lay uncovered, and could not return a blow.

The log house was full of smoke, to which we owed our comparative safety. Cries and confusion, the flashes and reports of pistol shots and one loud groan rang in my ears.

"Out, lads, out, and fight 'em in the open! Cutlasses!" cried the captain.

I snatched a cutlass from the pile, and some one at the same time snatching another gave me a cut across the knuckles, which I hardly felt. I dashed out of the door into the clear sunlight. Some one was close behind, I know not who. Right in front, the doctor was pursuing his assailant down the hill, and, just as my eyes fell upon him, beat down his guard and sent him sprawling on his back, with a great slash across his face.

"Round the house, lads! round the house!" cried the captain; and even in the hurly-burly I perceived a change in his voice.

Mechanically I obeyed, turned eastward, and, with my cutlass raised, ran round the corner of the house. Next moment I was face to face with Anderson. He roared aloud, and his hanger went up above his head, flashing in the sunlight. I had not time to be afraid, but, as the blow still hung impending, leaped in a trice upon one side, and, missing my foot in the soft sand, rolled headlong down the slope.

When I had first sallied from the door the other mutineers had been already swarming up the palisade to make an end of us. One man, in a red night-cap, with his cutlass in his mouth, had even got upon the top and thrown a leg across. Well, so short had been the interval, that when I found my feet again all was in the same posture, the fellow with the red night-cap still half-way over another still just showing his head above the top of the stockade. And yet, in this breath of time, the fight was over, and the victory ours.

Gray, following close behind me, had cut down the big boatswain ere he had time to recover from his lost blow. Another had been shot at a loophole in the very act of firing into the house, and now lay in agony, the pistol still smoking in his hand. A third, as I had seen, the doctor had disposed of at a blow. Of the four who had scaled the palisade, one only remained unaccounted for, and he, having left his cutlass on the field, was now clambering out again with the fear of death upon him.

"Fire—fire from the house!" cried the doctor. "And you, lads, back into cover."

But his words were unheeded, no shot was fired, and the last boarder made good his escape, and disappeared with the rest into the wood. In three seconds nothing remained of the attacking party but the five who had fallen, four on the inside, and one on the outside, of the palisade.

The doctor and Gray and I ran full speed for shelter. The survivors would soon be back where they had left their muskets, and at any moment the fire might recommence.

The house was by this time somewhat cleared of smoke, and we saw at a glance the price we had paid for victory. Hunter lay beside his loop-hole, stunned; Joyce by his, shot through the head, never to move again; while right in the center, the squire was supporting the captain, one as pale as the other.

"The captain's wounded," said Mr. Trelawney.

"Have they run?" asked Mr. Smollett.

"All that could, you may be bound," returned the doctor; "but there's five of them will never run again."

"Five!" cried the captain. "Come, that's better. Five against three leaves us four to nine. That's better odds than we had at starting. We were seven to nineteen then, or thought we were, and that's as bad to bear."*

*The mutineers were soon only eight in number, for the man shot by Mr. Trelawney on board the schooner died that same evening of his wound. But this was, of course, not known till after by the faithful party.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Ready for Winter.

Teachers in the public schools of a large city hear many stories, some of them amusing, some of them pathetic. A young woman who teaches in a kindergarten in Boston, upon learning that one of her little pupils was sick, went to visit her. The teacher had been to Katie's home before, and so had no difficulty in finding the two little rooms at the top of a tenement house where Katie and her mother lived. The mother was absent, and Katie, well wrapped up, was sitting up in bed. After the usual inquiries and condolences, the teacher noticed that the little girl seemed to speak with some difficulty, and said:

"Katie, I am going to examine your lungs."

"Yes'm," responded the child, dutifully, and Miss C—— began to loosen the child's waist. After removing it she found layer after layer of flannel, which she unfastened with some difficulty. Satisfying herself that there was no danger of pneumonia, she began to replace the child's dress, when Katie began to cry.

"My mother'll be awful mad at you when she gets home and finds what you've done."

"Why, Katie, what have I done?"

"You've unfastened all my flannels, and ma had just got me sewed up for the winter!"—Youth's Companion.

An Anecdote by Mark Twain.

Years ago, as I have been told, a widowed descendant of the Audubon family, in desperate need, sold a perfect copy of Audubon's "Birds" to a commercially minded scholar in America for $100. The book was worth $1,000 in the market. The scholar complimented himself upon his shrewd stroke of business. That was not Hammond Trumbull's style. After the war a lady in the far south wrote him that among the wreckage of her better days she had a book which some had told her was worth $100, and had advised her to offer it to him; she added that she was very poor, and that if he would buy it at that price, it would be a great favor to her. It was Eliot's Indian Bible. Trumbull answered that if it was a perfect copy it had an established market value, like a gold coin, and was worth $1,000; that if she would send it to him he would examine it, and if it proved to be perfect he would sell it to the British museum and forward the money to her. It did prove to be perfect, and she got her $1,000 without delay, and intact.—Century.

The Tables Turned.

On one occasion when a well-known wit was listening to the band on the pier at Brighton, some medical students who happened to be there thought they would have a joke with him, and accordingly one of their number went up with outstretched hand and said:

"Ah, good-morning, Mr. ——! How do you do?"

"I am quite well, thank you," replied he, "but I really have not had the honor of your acquaintance."

"What," said the student, "you don't know me! Why, I met you at the Zoo."

"Young man, accept my apologies; but really I saw so many monkeys there that it is impossible for me to recognize them all again!"—Tit-Bits.

Everybody Satisfied.

"Who's dead?" inquired a man of the sexton who was digging a grave.

"Old Squire Bumblebee."

"What complaint?"

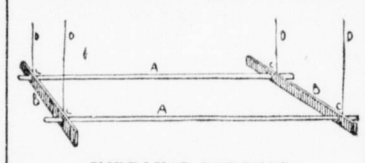
Sexton (without looking up)—No complaint. Everybody's satisfied.—What to Eat.

THE FARMING WORLD

SENSIBLE PERCHES.

When Once Tried Hanging Roosts Will Take the Place of the Old Kind Everywhere.

It is a continual source of surprise that the poultry fraternity so slowly adopts the method of hanging perches, shown in accompanying drawing. The old style of fastening perches to wall, floor or dropping platform is a standing invitation to red mites, which usually occupy the perches entirely too much, at best. Perches, walls, platform, floor, all are accessible to lice when perches are directly attached or supported on trestles or timbers of any kind. Basing my assertion on actual experience, I assert that it requires several times as much ef-



IMPROVED PERCHES.

fort and labor to keep poultry houses clean and free from lice by the old method as by the new one here described. It is possible that in extreme cases the lice may travel up and down the wires, but I do not know that it has been done. To prevent such contingency, place a touch of tar on each wire, or occasionally rub same with oil or grease.

A, A, perches; B, B, perch supports; C, C, C, C, notches in B, B, to hold perches. D, D, D, D, wire hung from ceiling or side walls.

Make perch poles shorter than the building is wide, and hang the supports so that neither perches nor cross pieces touch the building at any point. Use as many poles as desired. Make the supports of one by four-inch stuff, and long enough to accommodate your required number of poles. Cut notches in the supports one inch deep for the poles to rest in. Fasten a wire to each end of support and attach by staples to ceiling or side walls in such manner that the wires may be unhooked and removed for cleaning. Hang the perches level. Occasionally rub them with kerosene oil and there will be few lice.—Homer W. Jackson, in Agricultural Epitomist.

REMOVING HONEY.

Recent Invention Has Made the Once Dreaded Operation Comparatively Pleasant.

Among the recent inventions in bee-keeping there is nothing of more importance than the little bee escape. It is a very simple arrangement, easily operated and does not cost much. It overcomes to a great extent the laborious work of brushing bees from sections or frames in removing either comb or extracted honey from the hive.

The escape consists of a small tin box with two small springs which nearly come together at the point, V-shape. The bees pass out between the springs at the point and cannot get back. To operate the escape, get a half-inch board the size of the top of the hive; cut a mortise in the center a little longer than the escape and place the escape in the mortise. The board should have a small strip about one-fourth of an inch thick nailed around both sides to form a bee space between the surplus case and also the brood chamber.

In using the escape I always lift the surplus case and put an empty case in its place, then put the escape board between the two cases, putting the case of honey and bees on top of the empty case, and also the escape board. If the escape is put on the hive in the evening the bees will be nearly all down in the empty case by morning. I propose to put the escape on in the evening, so the bees will be ready to go to work in the morning. If honey is coming in in sufficient quantities the empty case should be filled with sections, so that the bees will lose no time; remove the case of honey in the morning, or as soon as the bees are nearly all out. If the season is over and the bees are not very active they will be slower in going out of the case. I like to get the honey off as soon as possible, so there will be no danger of robbing should there happen to be any way for bees to get in. It is a great satisfaction to be able to remove sections from the case without being bothered with a great lot of bees to brush off.—E. S. Mead, in Ohio Farmer.

FACTS FOR FARMERS.

Use plenty of lime about the stable.

Nobody ever saw a successful farmer who had inferior stock.

Try to hire brains when you hire a farmhand. Brains pay everywhere.

Use light tools in working on the farm and always have them in good order.

Blue grass has strong roots, and hence will stand a good deal of dry weather.

Cut the burdock off just below the crown and it will be the last of the burdock.

Parsnips are a good vegetable, although some people do not seem to realize it.

Cows are apt to shrink their milk for a time when changed from one food to another, although the latter food may be the best. Why, we do not know.—Western Plowman.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., across the east line of Franklin Hossler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU, President.

38-tf.

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Burglar and Orang-Outang.

Some two years ago a retired officer of the merchant service, living in the Rue d'Alesia, Paris, M. Duchesne, brought home an orang-outang from Borneo. Since growing to its full size the brute is a terror to the neighbors. Its master won't hear of its being chained up, contenting himself with shutting the animal in his bedroom before going out. This was done one day, but unfortunately for him Nicolas Bargeve, alias "The Devourer," had determined to make a professional call on M. Duchesne's apartment with intent to burgle. Now, as this illustrious character had only completed three days at large after completing his ninth term of imprisonment, he was naturally unaware that such a pet as the orang-outang was tolerated in these particular rooms. Consequently, when the burglar was suddenly pounced upon by two hairy paws, he was somewhat surprised, and his screams soon brought help, with the result that N. Bargeve was drawn out of the room by his feet, in a very ignominous fashion. He was taken to the infirmary, and it is reported that he has gone mad and now imagines himself to have been changed into an ape.—Paris Cor. London Post.

HEROES OF WAR.

From the Chicago Times-Herald.

The feeling of admiration for heroes of war seems to be innate in the human heart, and is brought to the surface as the opportunity and object presents itself.

Among those who proved their heroism during our Civil War was A. Schiffeneder, of 161 Sedgwick Street, Chicago. He is an Austrian by birth, came to America at the age of twenty, and became an American citizen. He was living at Milwaukee when the call for volunteers came early in 1862, and he promptly enlisted in Company A, of the Twenty-sixth Wisconsin Volunteers. In the Army of the Potomac he saw much fighting, campaigning in the Shenandoah Valley.

He received a wound.

In the first day's fighting at the battle of Gettysburg, Schiffeneder received a wound in the right side, which afterward caused him much trouble. With a portion of his regiment he was captured and imprisoned at Bell Island and Andersonville, and afterward exchanged. He returned to his regiment, which was transferred to the army of General Sherman, and marched with him through Georgia to the sea.

In this campaign Mr. Schiffeneder's old wound began to trouble him and he was sent to the hospital and then home. He had also contracted catarrh of the stomach and found no relief for years.

"I happened to read an account of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People about a year ago," he said, "and thought that they might be good for my trouble. I concluded to try them. I bought one box and began to take them according to directions. They gave me great relief. After finishing that box I bought another, and when I had taken the pills I felt that I was cured. I recovered my appetite and ate heartily. I can testify to the good the pills did me."

Mr. Schiffeneder is a prominent Grand Army man in Chicago, whither he moved some years ago with his family.

THE MINISTER GOT MIXED.

And Rang Several Changes on a Scriptural Sentence Before He Got It Right.

The minister had reached the critical point in his "missionary" sermon. He had finished his firstlies and secondlies, and with one neat figure would link them to an impassioned appeal that would strike his congregation's hearts, and make their rocks flow like water.

"If," he exclaimed, "it has truly been said that he who makes two glades of brass to grow where one—"

The puzzled look on the face of a deaf old member in a front pew led him to pause and repeat:

"That he is a benefactor who makes two grades of blass—"

Smiles throughout the house and his own sense showed him there was something wrong, but, with an attempt at lightness, he said, airily:

"As I meant, two braids of glass."

The choir was now keen-eared, and the pastor felt as if he had met Dewey. So he shouted: "Two blads of grace."

Then the senior deacon had pity on him and arose. "My brethren," he spoke, "our pastor has been upset by the intensity of his emotions, and has tripped on two blades of grass."—San Francisco Examiner.

WHAT WOMEN SAY

Of Dr. Hartman's Free Advice and Remedies.

Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving letters from grateful women who have received the benefit of his free advice, and are entirely well once more, after years of suffering. The following are brief extracts from two such letters: Mrs. F. K. F. Gille, Box 19, Navasota, Tex., writes: "I think it is time to let you know what your treatment has done for me. I am rid of that terrible trouble I had when I wrote to you. When I would stoop over I could not straighten up without the most severe pain. I am well of that and much better in other ways." Mrs. Phoebe C. Carr, Orifino, Idaho, writes: "I am glad to tell you that I am entirely well. I am stouter than I have been for years and weigh more than I ever did in my life. I want to tell you that it was your advice and medicine that cured me. I think it is the greatest medicine in the world. I will never be without Pe-ru-na. Everybody ought to keep Pe-ru-na in the house."

Dr. Hartman's latest book of advice to women will be sent free to any address by The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

Wouldn't Take Chances.

Smith—One can't always judge a man's patriotism by his conversation.

Jones—No, I suppose not.

"Take Brown, for instance; would you call him a coward?"

"Well, er—I might if I was sure he wouldn't fight."—Chicago Evening News.

Spread of the Classic Style.

"How did you manage to get such an extensive manufacturing plant in your town?" asked the visitor.

"Well, we rooted for it," replied the native.—Chicago Tribune.

An Instance.

DeCrop—May is intensely feminine.

Miss Upton—More so than other girls?

"Well, she asked the blacksmith the other day if her horse couldn't wear shoes a size smaller."—Puck.

MAKE YOUR OWN FILTER.

There Is No Excuse for Drinking Water Which Is Full of Germs and Impurities.

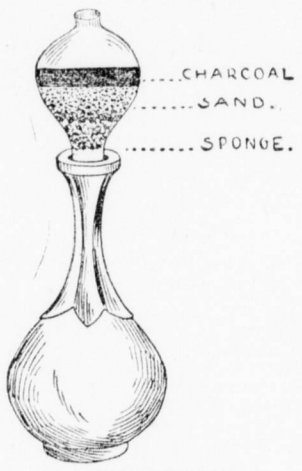
Everybody knows, or ought to know, that at this time of the year it is the height of folly to drink water that has not been previously purified in some way, either by boiling or by filtration.

Boiling is an effective way of freeing the water from impurities, and should certainly be done where no better method exists, but a useful filter can be made so easily at home, at an almost nominal cost, that there is scarcely any excuse for a household not possessing one.

The homemade filter consists simply of an ordinary decanter, a lamp glass, such as can be purchased anywhere for a few cents, by way of a funnel, and a piece of sponge or cotton wool. Some people prefer cotton wool because it can be thrown away after a time and renewed at a nominal cost. If a sponge is chosen it ought to be taken out often, cleaned in hot salt water and afterward rinsed in cold.

The sponge or cotton wool is placed for the distance of an inch in the lamp shade. This is then covered by a layer of fine white sand, which has been washed very clean, and placed in a fine lawn bag. This must be packed through the top of the glass, and spread out to fit across by the aid of a long pencil or a skewer.

On top of the sand must be placed a layer of animal charcoal which has been previously thoroughly washed by putting it in an earthen vessel and pouring boiling water upon it. This



HOMEMADE FILTER.

layer should be at least an inch deep and should be well pressed down upon the layer of sand. The filter is now ready for use.

Water is poured into the lamp shade and allowed to percolate slowly through to the decanter beneath. After a time the charcoal will get clogged and a little must be taken from the top and boiled for a few minutes and then spread out before the fire. It will then be as good as ever and can be thus cleansed indefinitely. From time to time, also, the whole apparatus will want cleansing, and the whole of the charcoal, as well as the bag of sand and the cotton wool, or sponge, will have to be taken out and thoroughly boiled, or, better still, replaced with new material.

Provided the filter be thus kept thoroughly clean it will yield as good results as any of the patent filters on the market costing many times the value of this simple apparatus.—N. Y. Herald.

FOR BEAUTY'S SAKE.

The Secret of a Clear, Attractive Complexion Usually Is a Perfect Digestion.

Remember that no woman can be lovely with a poor complexion, nor will cosmetics, however fine and expensive, delude the observer in the searching light of day, cautions the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The secret of a clear, beautiful complexion is perfect digestion, and in summer, especially, a light diet is sufficient for the indolent lives led by most of us during the heated term. Fruit, fresh and ripe, boiled milk, clear soup, whole wheat and rye bread are the best friends for ruddy cheeks and bright eyes. Loose clothing comes next. Tight corset, shoes, belts and bands produce coarse, red skin and give a harsh, strained look to the lips and eyes. Friction bath, cool plunges and rigorous massage, laughter and exhilarating sport make the blood bound freely, round the muscles and reduce loose, flabby flesh to normal proportions. Do not eat if you are very tired and warm. Take time to bathe the face and neck freely, loosen your clothes and rest half an hour after a shopping tour or vigorous exercise, and you will feel like spending the evening sociably. If your skin feels parched and dusty on coming in bathe the face gently in tepid water, then apply a soothing lotion, which any druggist will prepare for you, of glycerin, benzoin, alcohol and rose water, and let it dry in the skin without wiping with a towel.

How to Applique Satin.

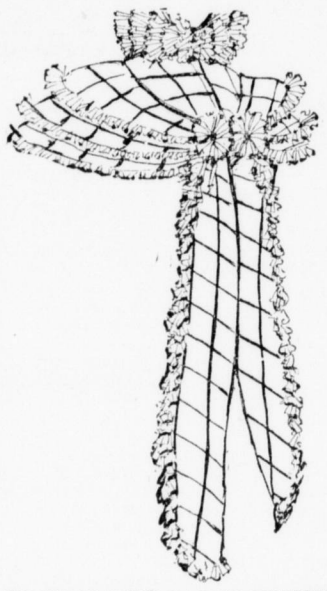
To applique satin paste the satin on tissue paper the color of the net, and when quite dry cut out with sharp scissors; it will not then be necessary to turn in any edges. Embroidery paste is usually used, but thick starch—it must be a stiff jelly—will answer, though it is not quite so satisfactory.

AN EVENING FICHU.

This Is an Indispensable Accessory to the Up-to-Date Girl's Autumn Toilet.

All young women, and some old ones too, have an evening fichu. They are easily made, cost but little, and can be thrown over thin dresses without crushing them; and at the same time they add a more effective finish to the costume.

To make one of the fichus you need first of all a good pattern. Then pur-



TO WEAR WITH DAINTY DRESSES.

chase three yards of plaid silk, choosing your own colors, as long as the silk is plaid. Lay the silk on the pattern and cut it out so that it has two long, stole ends. Cover the collar with plaited chiffon of the color of your plaid stripe and put three ruffles of the chiffon around your fichu. Edge each side of the stole ends with the chiffon and finish the front with two large rosettes of the same.

YOUNG GIRL'S HEALTH.

Mrs. S. T. Rorer Gives Some Directions Regarding Her Dress, Diversions and Diet.

"A young girl should be taught to carry her body erect, holding her abdomen in, and putting the ball of her foot first on the ground," writes Mrs. S. T. Rorer on "The Best Diet for Bloodless Girls," in the Ladies' Home Journal. "This is of the utmost importance to keep the organs in good position. The clothing should be loose, light, warm and suspended from the shoulders. Skirts should be made of light material—either wool or silk. The stockings fastened to the waist by means of supporters; the one skirt worn buttoned to the bottom of the waist, with an outside dress supported from the shoulders, should form the necessary clothing. The shoes should be made to fit the feet, with broad soles and low, broad heels. Gloves should be sufficiently loose not to stop the circulation at the wrists. A short walk each day may be taken, but fatigue should never be produced; far better to spend most of the day out-of-doors in the hammock or a steamer-chair.

"Early to bed should be the first motto. In the morning, after a sponge bath with a thorough rub, she should drink half a glass of comfortably hot water. When appetite is felt a soft-boiled egg, a piece of whole wheat bread thoroughly baked and well buttered, and a little while after a glass of cool water, not iced, may be taken. The noonday meal should consist of a good, clear beef soup, a broiled steak or roasted beef, a little boiled rice, a lettuce salad with olive oil dressing, and some simple dessert, such as whipped or Bavarian cream. After dinner, rest should be taken in the open air, either in the hammock or steamer-chair, and without reading or heavy mental occupation. For supper, beef or mutton broiled, and good whole wheat bread well buttered. At the close of this meal she should take slowly about two teaspoonfuls of olive oil and masticate it before swallowing."

Delicious Sponge Cake.

For sponge cake, weigh six eggs, take their weight in sugar, and half their weight in flour; separate the eggs carefully; add the sugar to the yolks, and beat until light; then stir in carefully the well beaten whites; sift the flour two or three times, adding it a little at a time, folding and cutting it in. Turn into a pan lined with greased paper, and bake in a quick oven for from 20 to 25 minutes.—Mrs. S. T. Rorer, in Ladies' Home Journal.

Decorating with a Shawl.

A pleasing effect was achieved in the decoration of a music-room recently, on the occasion of a wedding, by the use of an India shawl. It was a large and fine one, with a pink center. This was spread over the grand piano, and on the pink center stood a pink jardiniere filled with apple blossoms. At the side of the piano, in a tall Chinese jar of pale pink and green, were massed more blooms of dogwood and apple blossoms mingled.

Sweaters for Children.

Every wee baby, girl or boy, to be strictly up to date, should have a sweater for its perambulator spins. In case of a sudden cool change the sweater is easily slipped on over the baby's clothes. White pale pink and sky blue are the favorite colors.

No. 1 Must Be Willing.

The laws of Mexico provide that a mormon who wishes to take a second wife must present a certificate signed by his first helpmeet to the effect that she is willing; and he must also have the express consent of the second wife and her parents.

Properly Defined.

"What is firmness, father?"

"Firmness, my boy, is obstinacy in ourselves."

"And what is obstinacy?"

"Obstinacy is firmness in somebody else."—Chicago Post.

Preparing the Case.

First Lawyer—Each witness gives a different account of the accident.

Second Lawyer—Yes; if we put them all on the stand, the jury may think our client met with three or four accidents.—Puck.

Has Not Slept for Five Years.

It is reported that a man in Indiana has not had an hour's sleep for five years. He constantly walks about, unable to rest, and is now little more than a skeleton. There are thousands of men and women who are unable to sleep more than an hour or two a night because of nervousness, weakness, dyspepsia, headache and constipation. A certain remedy for these disorders is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. All druggists sell it.

No Wonder the Query.

When the news came to the Chickamauga hospital of the destruction of Cervera's fleet one of the nurses commenced to read it aloud. He had got as far as the statement that the Brooklyn had been hit 45 times, when a fever patient, a little out of his head, shouted: "Great Scott! Who pitched for Brooklyn?"—San Francisco Wave.

The War Is Over

And now our thoughts are all of peace and home. There are, too often, people to be found who have no home, and it is to them these few words are addressed. If you really want a home you can easily get one, but you should act at once before the relapse from the war puts prices on the advance. In Marinette County, Wisconsin, the very finest farming land is to be had now at a most modest figure. Excellent home markets are at hand to take whatever the farmer raises, and good prices are given. These lands are on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and full information concerning them will cheerfully be furnished by C. E. Rollins, Immigration Agent, 161 La Salle Street, Chicago.

Not Wanted.

Captain—I can get a great attraction for our ball nine. A pitcher with a wooden leg.

Manager—Nope. It won't do. We don't want no useless timber on the team.—Up to Date.

Dropsy treated free by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga. The greatest dropsy specialists in the world. Read their advertisement in another column of this paper.

Some men are like race-horses; their only ambition seems to be a desire to lower their records.—Philadelphia Record.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Sympathetic Maiden—"Why, Jimmy, you poor boy! Have you been fighting?" Jimmy—"No—I've been fought."—Judy.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

A horse with a docked tail must feel like a neigh-bob.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Men are not necessarily big guns because they happen to be big bores.—Chicago Daily News.

The worst thing that can happen to a young man just starting out is to be sent away up to the top. He is in such danger of taking a tumble.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

Curiosity Satisfied.—The train from the south came to a halt, and the returning soldiers piled out of it. "May I ask what is the matter with your foot?" inquired one of the sympathizing and curious spectators, addressing a gaunt, camp-worn volunteer, who was limping along the platform. "Gout, ma am," answered the soldier, lifting his battered hat and passing on.—Chicago Tribune.

A Country Courtship.—John (sheepishly)—"I—I s'pose you'll be gittin' married some time?" Betty (with a frightened air)—"Oh, I dare say I shall some time." "I dare say I'll git married, too." "Oh!" "P'raps we might both git married at the same time." "Wouldn't it be awful, John, if the parson should make a mistake and marry us to each other?" "I—I shouldn't mind." "No—neither should I, to tell you the truth, John."—Tit-Bits.

Turn About.—"How much longer will I have to wait on you?" asked the impatient man of the busy clerk. "In a few minutes I shall be waiting on you," replied the clerk, with a smile.—Philadelphia North American.

True Happiness.—Son—"Fader, dis book says as moneysh does not pring happiness." Father—"No, mein sohn. It's der inderest vot you gets on der moneysh vot makes you happy."—Puck.

An Ill-Chosen Word.—The Loafer—"Ah, Maria, your cruel words cut me to the quick!" The Lady—"'Quick' nothing, you lazy, shiftless creature! There's not a sign of 'quick' about you."—N. Y. Journal.

Economy.—"I don't see how you can afford to have a country home, old man." "Well, you see, we can't live in our house in town in summer without having it newly plumbed throughout."—Detroit Journal.

TRADE-MARK.

BAKER'S CHOCOLATE

Celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage. Has our well-known

YELLOW LABEL

on the front of every package, and our trade-mark

"La Belle Chocolatiere"

on the back.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

Made only by

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd.

DORCHESTER, MASS.

ESTABLISHED 1780.

I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—Mrs. Allie Douglass, LeRoy, Mich., Oct. 20, '94.

A Gentle Hint.—He—"It's reported that we're engaged." She—"Well, I'm not to blame for the fact that it is only a report."—Brooklyn Life.

A Dose in Time Saves Nine of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for Coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Lose a minute, and the chase of a lifetime will not catch it.—Ram's Horn.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve is the only sure cure in the world for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, White Swelling, Fever Sores, and all Old Sores. It never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. Best salve for Rectic, Carbuncles, Piles, Salt Rheum, Burns, Cuts and all Fresh Wounds. By mail, small, 35c; large, 65c. Book free. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Druggists.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

CASTORIA

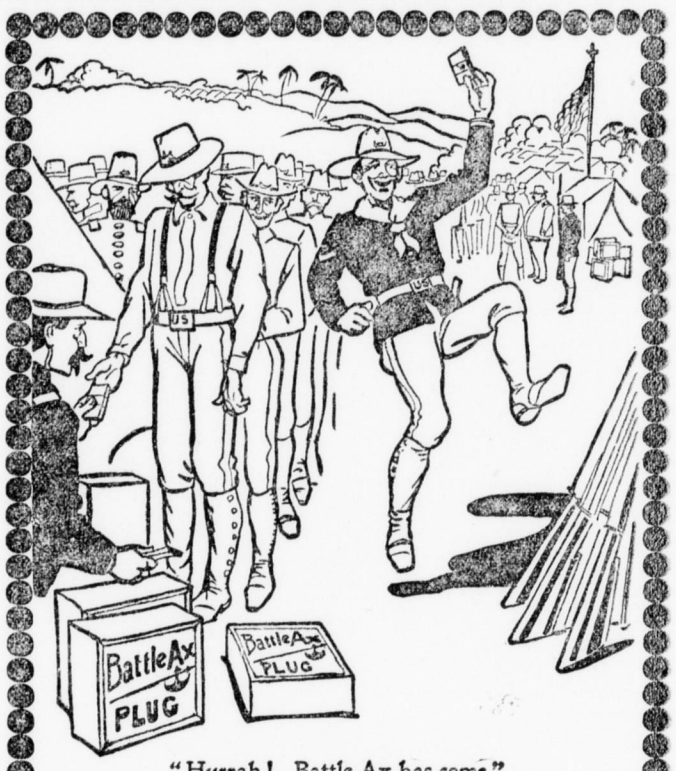
For Infants and Children

Bears The Signature Of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY



"Hurrah! Battle Ax has come."

Everybody who reads the newspapers knows what privation and suffering were caused in Cuba—by the failure of the supply of tobacco provided by the Government to reach the camps of the U. S. Soldiers.

BattleAx PLUG

When marching—fighting—tramping—wheeling instantly relieves that dry taste in the mouth.

Remember the name when you buy again.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

Burlington Route

SEPT. 6
SEPT. 20
OCT. 4
OCT. 18

These are the days on which you can buy very low-rate round-trip Excursion Tickets to NEBRASKA and other points in the West, Northwest and Southwest, good for 21 days. Stop on your way and see the GREAT TRANSMISSISSIPPI EXPOSITION AT OMAHA. Ask your nearest railroad agent to make your ticket read over the Burlington Route. You can get a handsome illustrated pamphlet describing Nebraska, and another all about the Exposition (both free), by writing to P. S. EUSTIS, General Passenger Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., Chicago, Ill.

Go and look for a New Home in Nebraska, a prosperous country, where a farm can be bought for one years' rent of an eastern farm.

"THRIFT IS A GOOD REVENUE." GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM CLEANLINESS AND

SAPOLIO

Use Our Well Drills

WE MAKE all kinds and sizes, for DRILLING WELLS for house, farm, City and Village Water Works, Factories, Ice Plants, Breweries, Irrigation, Coal and Mineral Prospecting, Oil and Gas, etc. LATEST and BEST. 30 YEARS EXPERIENCE. Write us WHAT YOU want.

LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

The Best BOOK on the WAR Beautifully bound and sumptuously illustrated (price $2), free to anybody sending two annual subscriptions at $1 each to the Overland Monthly, SAN FRANCISCO. Sample Overland 6c.

DR. BUSH'S HEMISTATIC PILLS, WE WARRANT to CURE Hemorrhage of the Lungs, Bloody Flux, Chronic Diarrhœa, Flowing or Spitting Blood; Diabetes or Wetting Bed. For 25 cents a box, postpaid. From Salisbury Pharmacy, CORRY, PA.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

A. N. K.—C 1723

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

Additional Local News.

To Farmers.

I desire to inform the farmers of this and adjoining counties that I have recently purchased a Fearless Thresher and Cleaner, and am prepared to do any work in this line in first-class manner and at reasonable rates. Having the best machinery I take pride in giving my customers good clean work.

I am also making contracts to bale hay, having purchased the Eli hay press. Give me a call.

L. G. COOK.

Emporium, Pa., Aug. 8, 1898.—24tf

Are you Troubled with Dyspepsia?

If so, do not neglect until it is too late this opportunity of ridding yourself of this trouble. Dr. Fenner's Dyspepsia Cure, as the name implies, is simply for Dyspepsia and Indigestion. This is a preparation long and successfully used in private practice by one of America's best qualified physicians, who is an accepted authority on all medical questions. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

R. C. Dodson.

A CRITICAL TIME

During the Battle of Santiago.

SICK OR WELL, A RUSH DAY AND NIGHT.

The Packers at theBattle of Santiago de Cuba were all Heroes. Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Ammunition and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.

P. E. Butler, of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santiago, de Cuba, on July 23d, says: We all had diarrhoea in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the goop fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine, the Chamberiain Medicine Co., DesMoines, Iowa. For sale by L. Taggart. sept.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

OMAHA EXPOSITION.

Eight-Day Personally-Conducted Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged for a special eight-day personally-conducted tour to the Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition at Omaha on October 1, allowing four full days at the Exposition. Round trip tickets, including transportation and Pullman berth in each direction, meals, in dining car going and returning, hotel accommodation and meals at Omaha, admissions to the Fair, and carriage drive and hotel accommodations at Chicago, will be sold at rate of $100 from New York; $96 from Philadelphia; $95 from Washington and Baltimore; $91 from Williamsport and Harrisburg; $80 from Pittsburg; and proportionate rates from other points.

The party will be accompanied by a Tourist Agent and Chaperon, and will travel in special Pullman sleeping cars.

For the benefit of those who may desire to remain longer in Omaha, tickets will be made good to return on regular trains until November 15, inclusive. Such tickets include only railway transportation returning, with reduction of $15 from above rates from all points.

For further information apply to ticket agents, Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York, or Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia. 1092-27-5t.

GETTYSBURG-WASHINGTON.

Five-Day Personally-Conducted Tour via the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged for two five-day personally-conducted tours from Buffalo, Erie, Pittsburg, and principal intermediate points, to Gettysburg and Washington, on October 17 and November 7.

Round-trip tickets, including transportation, Pullman berth in each direction, hotel accommodations and carriage drive over the battle-field at Gettysburg, and hotel accommodations at Washington—in short, all necessary expenses—will be sold at rate of $25.00 from Suspension Bridge, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, and intermediate stations on the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad; $24.00 from Elmira; $25.00 from Erie and Corry; $21.50 from Williamsport; $23.00 from Pittsburg and Altoona, and proportionate rates from other points.

Tickets will also be good to return on regular trains until October 27 and November 17, but without Pullman accommodations.

Descriptive itineraries and full information can be obtained of Ticket Agents; B. P. Frazer, Passenger Agent Buffalo District, Buffalo, N. Y.; E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport; Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburg; or Geo. W, Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia. 1090-27-7t

The United States and Germany are the only two great powers of the world that have no postal savings banks.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart.

v31-n40-1y

The willow is one of the most adaptable plants. A willow switch stuck in the wet will almost invariably take root.

Wanted.

Ladies and gentlemen suffering from throat and lung difficulties to call at our store for a sample bottle of Otto's Cure. We confidently recommend it as a cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. It will stop a cough quicker than any other known remedy. We believe it will cure you. Large sizes 50c. and 25c. Sold by R. C. Dodson. 33-15-1y

The battle of Marengon in Peidmont was the first battle in the nineteenth century.

Great Excitement in Town.

Over the remarkable cures by the grand specific, Bacon's Celery King, which acts as a natural laxative, stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and kidneys and is nature's great healer and health renewer. If you have kidney, liver and blood disorder do not delay but call at our store for a free trial package. R. C. Dodson. Large sizes 50c. and 25c. 33-15ly

No particular form of religion receives official recognition in Japan.

Truth wears well. People have learned that DeWitt's Little Early Risers are reliable little pills for regulating the bowels, curing constipation, and sick headache. They don't gripe. R. C. Dodson. 45ly.

Third-class railway fares in India are less than a farthing a mile.

Liver Complaints and Nervousness Cured.

A torpid liver always produces dullness irritability, etc. You are all clogged up and feel despondent. Perhaps you have treated with physicians or tried some recommended medicine without benefit. All that is no argument against "Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic," which we insist will cure nervousness and liver complaints. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

R. C. Dodson.

Pious Russians do not eat pigeons, because of the sanctity conferred on the Scriptures.

Diphtheria.

A remedy that cures this disease will quickly cure common sore throat. As soon as soreness is felt in the throat use "Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops." It will prevent, check and cure the most serious throat disease. R. C. Dodson. sept

More than 100 collisions occurred on Japanese railroads in 1897.

ALL SORTS.

Everyone who has diphtheria, croup, quinsy, catarrh or sore throat, can positively and speedily be cured by Thompson's Diphtheria 28-1y

The Thirteenth Regiment seems to be getting back to Buffalo, one at a time.

One Minute Cough Cure surprises people by its quick cures and children may take it in large quantities without the least danger. It has won for itself the best reputation of any preparation used to-day for colds, croup, tickling in the throat or obstinate coughs. R. C. Dodson. 45ly.

All things considered is not Admiral Dewey the hero of the war?

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has the largest sale of any Salve in the world. This fact and its merit has led dishonest people to attempt to counterfeit it. Lookout for the man who attemps to deceive you when you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the great pile cure. R. C. Dodson. 45ly.

There is a movement on foot to connect the Atlantic with the great lakes by means of a canal.

History will tell about "Dewey" Hobson, Sampson and Americans protecting themselves from serious throat diseases by using "Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsey Drops." The greatest throat remedy in the world. Sold by druggist, R. C. Dodson. 6ly

Watt, the inventor, died at the age of 83.

More than twenty million free samples of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve have been distributed by the manufacturers. What better proof of their confidence in its merits do you want? It cures piles, burns, scalds, sores in the shortest space of time. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

According to Swedenborg it takes light 48,000 years to reach the earth from some of the stars.

When you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the great pile cure don't accept anything else. Don't be talked into accepting a substitute, for piles, for sores for burns. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

Eight feet is the usual width of a street in China.

A stubborn cough or tickling in the throat yields to One Minute Cough Cure. Harmless in effect, touches the right spot, reliable and is just what is wanted. It acts at once. R. C. Dodson. 45ly

A Spanish peseta is now equivalent to about 15 cents in gold.

You invite disappointment when you experiment. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are pleasant, easy, thorough little pills. They cure constipation and sick headache just as sure as you take them R. C. Dodson. 45ly

The left side of the face is considered by artists and photographers more beautiful than the right.

For broken surfaces, sores, insect bites, burns, skin diseases and especially piles there is one reliable remedy, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. When you call for DeWitt's don't accept counterfeits or frauds. You will not be disappointed with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. R. C. Dodson. 45ly.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

The American Block.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

About Our Book and Stationery Department.

We solicit mail orders for books and stationery. We will gladly quote you our prices at any time for any book or books published, and we can always supply you with the best writing paper and stationery at very low prices. We do card engraving in the best form for much less than usual prices.

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The Prince of the House of David, new edition, cloth, illustrated, 19c, postage 6c.

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